Monitoring sustainable development strategies and integrated approach for policy making

> Giorgio Alleva President of Istat

Lisbon September 24, 2015 DGINs Conference 2015 Indicators for Decision Making and Monitoring



Growing complexity of modern societies



Need of multidimensional information to support decision making of policy makers.



Multi-source production system + Dissemination and communication of broader pictures.



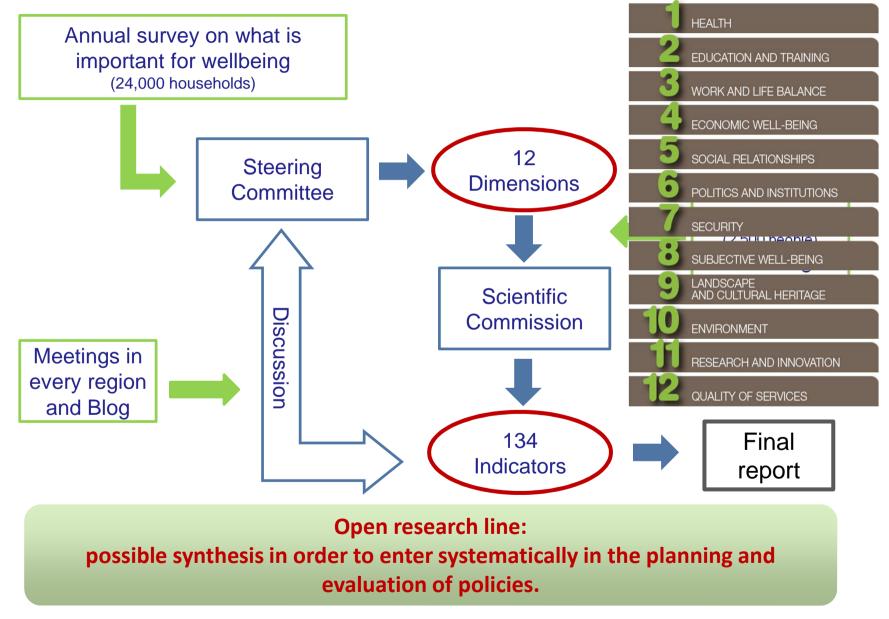
Some recent experiences at Istat

- ✓ Building a statistical system able to face the challenges of measuring well-being and sustainable development and to support policy making (BES, SDGs).
- Producing and communicating integrated statistics and indicators responding to different user needs (eg. New formats for short term economic trends, design of of new voting districts).
- Advantages of new technologies (nowcasting and forcasting based on Google Trends data, scanner data, Mobile Phone Data).



Measuring Sustainable Development and Well-being

BES – Equitable and Sustainable Well-being



Measuring Sustainable Development and Well-being

SDGs must be challenging and achievable, as far as possible limited in number, and clearly measurable:

- ✓ feasible and measurable targets,
- ✓ modernization of statistical production at country level,
- ✓ strengthening of international technical cooperation.

Multidimensionality and complex phenomena impose to improve statistical capacity and strengthen international cooperation.

For most countries in the world it will be hard to organize the production of such a broad set of indicators in a short time.



New data (Big data)

The use of big data must enter in the global strategy on integrated statistics.

Together we need to cooperate in order to achieve:

- ✓ access to data sets owned by global companies,
- \checkmark a legal and privacy framework ,
- ✓ enhance methodologies, skills, IT instruments.

Steps ahead:

- make use of the results achieved by others,
- share tools and laboratories,
- start the production soon.



New data (Big data)

At Istat:

✓ Persons and Places based on Mobile Phone Data:

starting from phone - tracking - data, to estimate daily mobility at the municipality level, and commuting flows for other reasons);

✓ Scanner data for the compilation of Consumer Price Statistics;

✓ ICT Usage by enterprises based on Internet as a Data Source evaluating the possibility of adopting Web scraping and text mining techniques for estimates on the use of ICT by enterprises and public institutions);

✓ Labour Market Estimation based on Google Trends: use of Google Trends for nowcasting purposes in the Labour Force domain.



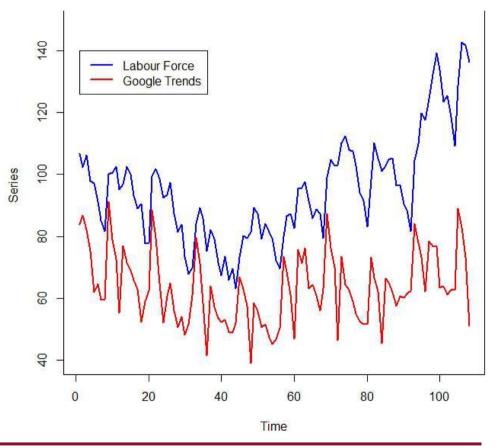
Nowcasting and forecasting with Google Trends

Use Google Trends (GT) time series as auxiliary to improve the estimates produced by Istat

Use of data for nowcasting and forecasting:

GT Early estimates at time t or t +1 of economic indicators . Many phenomena can be rapresented.

Use of data for small areas: Territorial estimates at time t produced by ISTAT can be improved by the use of GT local data. Monthly Unemployment rate (Labour Force) and Labour supply (Google Trend) Index 2004=100





Dissemination formats for short term economic trends

✓ General picture of economic indicators.

✓ Integrated view.

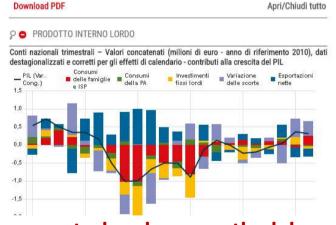
✓ Use of graphic tools.

✓ Automatic link
in order to
adjourn figures
and data
automatically.

✓ Joint work of different department.

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Prodotti	Strumenti	Info	rma	zion	i	Cer	a									5	Ç		R	egio	one	Argoment
		2014 01	2014 02	2014	2014	2014 05	2014 06	2014 07	2014	2014 09	2014 10	2014 11	2014	2015 01	2015 02	2015 03	2015 04	2015 05	2015	2015 07	2015	
Fiducia	Consumatori	1,1	-1,1	3,5	3,9	1,0	0,2	-0,6	-2,6	-0,1	-0,4	-1,0	-0,5		5,9	3,0	-2,3	-2,1	3,4	-2,6	2,2	
	Imprese	3,2	-0,8	0,1	-0,4	-1,6	1,9	2,4	-6,9	-1,1	3,1	-1,6	2,1	1,5	2,9	6,0	-1,0	-0,4	2,9	-0,4	-0,6	
Industria	Produzione	1,8	-1,0	-0,8	0,9	-1,7	1,8	-1,5	0,6	-0,5	0,1	0,3	0,7	-0,7	0,7	0,5	-0,2	0,9	-1,0	1,1		
	Ordinativi	5,0	-3,5	2,4	1,0	-0,3	-2,3	-1,3	2,7	-1,7	0,1	-0,6	4,8	-3,4		0,0	5,8	-2,5	3,0	0,6		
Costruzioni	Produzione	-1,5	-2,8	2,6	-0,9	-1,0	-1,3	-1,6	5,1	-5,0	3,2	-4,1	2,9		-1,6	-0,1	0,1	-0,7	-1,2	0,3		
iervizi	Vendite al dettaglio	-0,3	0,1	0,0	0,3	-0,8	0,2	-0,4	0,2	-0,1	0,1	0,5	-0,4	0,5	-0,1	-0,1	0,7	-0,1	-0,4	0,4		
Commercio estero	Importazioni	-1,8	-1,0	-2,4	0,6	3,5	-0,4	-1,0	-0,4		-1,2	0,0	-1,7	0,9	0,9	4,3	0,1	-0,4	4,3	-3,7		
	Esportazioni	-0,5	-1,1	-1,3	0,5		-1,2	-1,3	1,5	1,6		-1,1	2,7	-2,4	2,6	1,6	-0,7		-0,7	-0,4		
avoro	Occupati	-0,1	0,0	0,4	-0,5	0,4	0,3	-0,3	0,2	0,3	0,0	-0,4	0,4	0,0	-0,1	-0,1	0,7	-0,2	0,1	0,2		
Prezzi	Consumo	0,2	-0,1			-0,1		-0,1		-0,4		-0,2	0,0	-0,4						-0,1	0,2	
	Produzione industria	0,0	0,0	-0,2	-0,2	-0,1		-0,4	0,0	0,0	-0,3	-0,2	-0,7	-1,3		0,0	0,0		-0,2			
			2014 Q1			2014 Q2			2014 Q3			2014 Q4			2015 Q1			2015 Q2				
Servīzī	Fatturato dei servizi					-0,8			0,4						0,7							
Conti nazionali	Prodotto interno lordo		-0,2			-0,2		1	-0,1			0,0			0,4			0,3				

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Nota mensile e previsioni

Temi

I Conti nazionali

I Clima di fiducia

I Commercio estero

sulla congiuntura

Previsioni e analisi

internazionali

Congiuntura.Stat - banca dati

SDDSPlus - dati economici e

I Costruzioni

I Servizi

I Industria

Lavoro

I Prezzi

finanziari

Commercio al dettaglio. Luglio 2015 A luglio le vendite aumentano dello 0,4% su giugno e dell'1,7% su luglio 2014...

I comunicati Istat

Fatturato e ordinativi dell'Industria. Giugno e luglio 2015 A luglio 2015 il fatturato aumenta del 2,3% e gli ordinativi aumentano del 10,4% in un anno...

Costi di costruzione di fabbricato residenziale e tronco stradale. Luglio 2015 Luglio: costo costruzione fabbricato residenziale +0,7% e tronco stradale -0,7% in un anno...

Produzione nelle costruzioni. Giugno e luglio 2015 A luglio 2015 l'indice è aumentato dello 0,3% su giugno e diminuito dello 0,6% in un anno...

Prezzi all'importazione dei prodotti industriali. Giugno e luglio 2015 A

New quarterly release on the labour market:

data on enterprises' labour demand and on people's labour supply presented jointly



Design of new voting districts

According to the existing legal framework, the Government entrusted a Commission of experts chaired by the Istat President the task of proposing the new voting districts.

Huge responsibility and opportunity to show its capacity of interpreting the law and give complex information, through

indicators.

Voting district in Sicily 2015





Conclusions

NSIs need to move away from a fragmented and silo approach and step towards an integrated system, by redesigning the production processes at the country level, within a global strategy on integrated statistics.

Modernisation is the right answer,

through the sharing of experiences and participation of NSIs to joint projects between.

Istat has an active role in the current debate on the future of official statistics in Italy, and will keep on fulfilling its responsibility for setting up a global favourable environment to make the so-called "data revolution" real.



Thank you for your attention!

<u>www.istat.it/</u> <u>http://www.istat.it/it/congiuntura</u> <u>www.misuredelbenessere.it/</u>

