





12 July, 2010

#### CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

June 2010

# Consumer Prices up 1.2% in June on a year earlier

The Portuguese Consumer Price Index (CPI) went up 1.2% in June 2010 when compared with June 2009. Excluding energy and unprocessed food, the annual rate increased to 0.2%, from -0.1% in May. On a monthly basis, the CPI remained constant at 0.2% (0.1% in June 2009). The CPI 12-month average rate of change increased to -0.2% in June (-0.5% in May).

In June, the Portuguese Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP) annual inflation rate was 1.1% (the same as in May), 0.3 percentage points (p.p.) below the rate estimated by Eurostat for the Euro area.

In June 2010, the annual inflation rate measured by the CPI increased to 1.2%, 0.1 p.p. above the observed rate in the previous month (see figure 1).

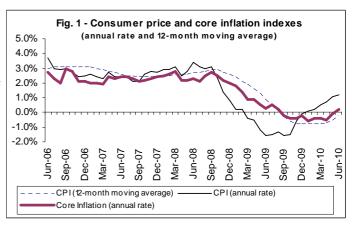
The largest upward pressure on the overall annual rate of change came from changes in the prices of Transports and products and services related to housing. Changes in the prices of clothing and footwear products and Communications led to an opposite effect.

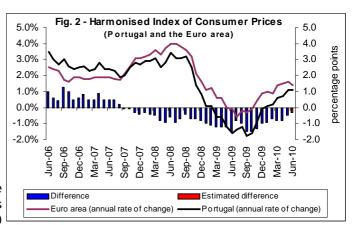
The annual core inflation rate, which excludes energy components and fresh unprocessed food products, increased 0.3 p.p., to 0.2%. The difference between this indicator and the annual CPI inflation rate was -1.0 p.p. (-1.2 p.p. in May).

In June the CPI monthly rate was 0.2%. The main upward contribution to this result came from changes in the prices of Food and non-alcoholic beverages.

In May 2010, the Portuguese HICP annual rate was 1.1%, the same value as in the previous month. On a monthly basis the HICP inflation rate also remained constant (0.2% in May and June 2010 and in June 2009). The HICP 12-month average rate increased to -0.3% (-0.5% in May 2010).

In May 2010 the gap between the Portuguese and the Euro-area annual rate of change was -0.5 p.p. and it is estimated to have decreased to -0.3 p.p. in June 2010 (see figure 2).





The July 2010 CPI/HICP will be released on August 11th 2010





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#### **Consumer Price Index**

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is an indicator showing how the prices of a certain basket of goods and services bought by a "typical" consumer change over time. The CPI has been designed to capture price changes and not to measure price levels. Both the consumption pattern and the goods and services included in the CPI basket were derived from the year 2005/2006 Household Budget Survey and are updated annually with the most recent information on prices and quantities, if available. The CPI is compiled through the aggregation of seven regional price indexes and the goods and services included in the index are grouped according to the COICOP classification.

### Table 1: CPI/COICOP Index Divisions

01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	07	Transports
02	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	80	Communications
03	Clothing and footwear	09	Recreation and culture
04	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	10	Education
05	Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance of	11	Restaurants and hotels
	the house		
06	Health	12	Miscellaneous goods and services

#### Monthly rate

The monthly rate is the change in the index of a certain month compared with the index of the previous month expressed as a percentage. Although up-to-date, this measure can be affected by seasonal and other effects.

#### Annual rate

The annual rate is the change in the index of a certain month compared with the index of the same month in the previous year expressed as a percentage. In the presence of a stable seasonal pattern, seasonal effects do not influence this measure.

#### 12-month average rate

The 12-month average rate is the change in the average index of one year compared with the average index of the previous year expressed as a percentage. This moving average is less sensitive to transient changes in prices.

## Core inflation index (all items CPI excluding unprocessed food and energy products)

The core inflation index is compiled by excluding the prices of unprocessed food and energy products from the all-items CPI. The primary objective of this index is to capture the underlying inflation pressures in the economy. In the publication *Síntese Económica de Conjuntura* is released a core inflation indicator based on a different methodological approach (factorial analysis) and, for this reason, it is possible that differences between the values shown by the two measures exist.

#### **Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices**

The Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP) is compiled in each member state of the European Union for the purposes of inflation comparisons across EU countries, as required by the Treaty on European Union<sup>1</sup>. This index plays an important role as a guideline for the achievement of the European System of Central Banks primary objective: price stability. In 1998, the European Central Bank adopted the HICP as "the most appropriate price measure" for its definition of price stability in the Euro area<sup>2</sup>. More information is available at http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/portal/page/portal/hicp/introduction.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Article 109j and protocol on the convergence criteria referred to in that article.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "A stability oriented monetary policy strategy for the ESCB". ECB press notice released on 13 October 1998.





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### Annexes:

## CPI rate of change (index division and all items CPI)

					1	ndex div	isions <sup>(1</sup>	D					All-item CPI
	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	
							nual average						
2007	2.4	4.9	2.2	3.6	1.6	7.4	1.6	-1.8	0.3	3.7	2.6	2.4	2.5
2008	3.7	7.5	1.6	3.9	1.7	1.4	1.5	-2.1	0.6	4.2	3.7	2.5	2.6
2009	-3.4	3.3	-1.7	2.1	1.7	-1.4	-3.6	-1.0	-1.6	3.5	2.4	1.9	-0.8
							Annual rate						
2008 June	5.8	6.8	1.5	4.5	1.7	0.3	3.4	-0.9	0.3	4.4	3.7	2.4	3.4
July	5.7	7.1	-2.1	3.5	1.8	0.5	3.6	-3.2	0.3	4.5	3.6	2.6	3.1
August	5.0	6.9	1.5	3.6	1.8	0.6	2.9	-3.0	0.7	4.5	3.6	2.7	3.0
September	4.7	7.1	4.1	3.7	1.8	0.9	2.5	-3.0	1.0	4.5	3.7	2.6	3.1
October	3.5	7.0	1.3	4.2	1.9	0.6	0.5	-2.7	1.2	3.3	4.3	2.9	2.3
November	2.8	7.1	1.1	3.8	1.8	0.2	-3.1	-2.9	0.6	3.4	4.1	2.8	1.4
December	2.4	7.2	0.2	3.6	1.9	0.0	-5.5	-2.4	1.1	3.4	4.3	2.8	0.8
2009 January	1.3	7.0	-1.4	2.9	2.5	-0.4	-6.3	-2.9	0.0	3.4	2.8	2.7	0.2
February	1.0	4.2	-1.4	2.6	2.2	-0.8	-4.9	-3.0	-2.0	3.5	2.8	2.6	0.2
March	-0.5	3.2	-0.5	2.4	2.1	-1.1	-5.7	-1.9	-1.7	3.5	2.8	2.3	-0.4
April	-1.3	2.7	-0.9	1.7	1.9	-1.0	-4.9	-1.8	-0.8	3.5	3.1	2.4	-0.5
May	-2.6	2.9	-0.9	1.6	1.8	-1.2	-6.2	-1.9	-0.8	3.6	2.9	2.1	-1.2
June	-5.1	2.9	-1.1	1.7	1.6	-1.7	-5.1	-1.9	-0.3	3.5	2.7	1.7	-1.6
July	-6.1	2.8	-0.5	2.0	1.4	-1.8	-4.5	0.2	-1.2	3.5	2.7	1.6	-1.5
August	-6.3	2.9	-2.4	2.0	1.2	-2.0	-2.6	0.0	-2.7	3.5	2.7	1.5	-1.3
September	-5.9	2.9	-3.4	1.8	1.3	-2.2	-3.7	0.1	-3.1	3.6	2.3	1.5	-1.6
October	-5.5	2.9	-2.7	1.7	1.5	-1.8	-2.9	0.3	-2.7	3.3	1.4	1.3	-1.5
November	-4.9	2.9	-2.5	2.1	1.5	-1.7	0.4	0.4	-1.8	3.2	1.3	1.6	-0.6
December	-5.1	2.9	-2.3	2.4	1.7	-1.6	3.6	-0.1	-1.9	3.2	0.8	1.4	-0.1
2010 January	-4.6	4.5	-1.5	2.6	1.8	-2.6	3.8	-0.3	-1.7	3.2	1.1	1.0	0.1
February	-4.2	4.6	-2.3	3.1	1.9	-2.2	3.4	-0.5	-1.5	3.0	1.2	0.8	0.1
March	-3.6	3.1	-2.3 -1.9	3.7	1.6	-2.0	5.3	-3.1	-0.9	3.0	1.0	0.5	0.5
April	-2.7	3.2	-1.6	4.1	1.5	-2.0 -1.9	5.0	-2.9	-0.5	2.9	1.0	0.3	0.5
Мау	-1.8	2.8	-1.5	4.4	1.4	-1.3	5.4	-2.5 -2.6	-0.6	2.9	1.0	0.2	1.1
June	0.0	2.9	-1.7	4.2	1.5	0.0	3.3	-2.6 -2.6	-0.7	3.0	1.0	0.4	1.2
Symbols:	f estimated		Po provisio	nal		x not avails	able						

**Notes:** (1) The names of the divisions are given in the explanatory notes.

Source: INE - Portugal





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# HICP rate of change (international comparison)<sup>(1)</sup>

	EA-16 <sup>(2)</sup>	EICP <sup>(8)</sup>	BE	BG	cz	DK	DE	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	СУ	LV	LT	LU	HU	МТ	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
													An	nual a	verage	erate													
2007	2.1	2.3	1.8	7.6	3.0	1.7	2.3	6.7	3.0	2.8	1.6	2.9	2.0	2.2	10.1	5.8	2.7	7.9	0.7	1.6	2.2	2.6	2.4	4.9	3.8	1.9	1.6	1.7	2.3
2008	3.3	3.7	4.5	12.0	6.3	3.6	2.8	10.6	4.2	4.1	3.2	3.1			15.3	11.1	4.1	6.0	4.7	2.2	3.2	4.2	2.7	7.9	5.5	3.9	3.9	3.3	3.6
2009	0.3	1.0	0.0	2.5	0.6	1.1	0.2	0.2	1.3	-0.3	0.1	-1.7	0.8	0.2	3.3	4.2	0.0	4.0	1.8	1.0	0.4	4.0	-0.9	5.6	0.9	0.9	1.6	1.9	2.2
															ual rate														
2008 June	4.0	4.3	5.8	14.7				11.5		5.1	4.0	3.9		5.2					4.4	2.3	4.0	4.3	3.4	8.7	6.8	4.3	4.3		3.8
July	4.0	4.4	5.9	14.4	6.8	4.4		11.2		5.3	4.0	3.6	4.0			12.4		7.0	5.6	3.0	3.8	4.5	3.1	9.1	6.9	4.4	4.3		4.4
August	3.8	4.3 4.2	5.4 5.5	11.8 11.4	6.2 6.4	4.8 4.5		11.1 10.8		4.9	3.5 3.4	3.2			14.7	12.2		6.4	5.4 4.9	3.0 2.8	3.6 3.7	4.4 4.1	3.1 3.2	8.1 7.3	6.0 5.6	4.4 4.5	4.6 4.7	4.1	4.7 5.2
September October	3.6 3.2	4.∠ 3.7	4.8	11.4	5.7	3.8			4.7	3.6	3.0	2.7	3.6			10.7		5.6 5.1	5.7	2.0 2.5	3.0	4.0	2.5	7.4	4.8	4.2	4.7		4.5
November	3.2 2.1	2.8	3.2	8.8				8.5			1.9	2.7	2.7		11.6			4.1	4.9	2.5 1.9	2.3	3.6	1.4	6.8	2.9	3.9	3.5	2.4	
December	1.6	2.2	2.7	7.2				7.5			1.2	1.3		1.8	10.4		0.7	3.4	5.0	1.7	1.5	3.3	0.8	6.4	1.8	3.5	3.4	2.1	3.1
December	1.0	2.2	2.7	7.2	5.5	2.4	1.1	7.5	2.2	1.5	1.2	1.5	2.4	1.0	10.4	0.5	0.7	3.4	5.0	1.7	1.5	3.3	0.0	0.4	1.0	5.5	3.4	2.1	J. I
2009 January	1.1	1.8	2.1	6.0	1.4		0.9			0.8	0.8	1.1	1.4		9.7	9.5	0.0	2.4	3.1	1.7	1.2	3.2	0.1	6.8	1.4	2.7	2.5	2.0	
February	1.2	1.8	1.9	5.4	1.3	1.7	1.0	3.9	1.8	0.7	1.0	0.1	1.5	0.6	9.4	8.5	0.7	2.9	3.5	1.9	1.4	3.6	0.1	6.9	2.1	2.4	2.7		3.2
March	0.6	1.3	0.6	4.0		–	0.4			-0.1	0.4		1.1	0.9	7.9	7.4	-0.3		3.9	1.8	0.6	4.0	-0.6	6.7	1.6	1.8	2.0		
April	0.6	1.3	0.7	3.8	1.3	1.1		0.9		-0.2	0.1	-0.7	—		5.9	5.9	-0.3		4.0	1.8	0.5	4.3	-0.6	6.5	1.1	1.4	2.1	1.8	
May	0.0	0.8	-0.2	3.0	0.9	1.1	0.0			-0.9	-0.3	-1.7		0.5	4.4	4.9	-0.9		3.4	1.5	0.1	4.2	-1.2	5.9	0.5	1.1	1.5	1.7	
June	-0.1	0.6	-1.0	2.6				-0.5			-0.6		0.6	0.1	3.1	3.9		3.7	2.8	1.4	-0.3	4.2	-1.6	5.9	0.2	0.7	1.6	1.6	
July	-0.6	0.2	-1.7	1.0	-0.1		-0.7			-1.3	-0.8	-2.6		-0.8		2.6	-1.5		0.8	-0.1	-0.4	4.5	-1.4	5.0	-0.6	0.6	1.2	1.8	1.8
August September	-0.2 -0.3	0.6 0.3	-0.7 -1.0	1.3 0.2	-0.3		-0.1		–	-0.7 -0.9	-0.2 -0.4		0.1	-0.9 -1.2		2.2	-0.2 -0.4		1.0 0.8	-0.1 0.0	0.2 0.0	4.3 4.0	-1.2 -1.8	4.9 4.9	0.1 0.0	0.5 0.0	1.3	1.4	1.6 1.1
October	-0.3 -0.1	0.5	-0.9	0.2	-0.5					-0.6	-0.4			-1.0					-0.5	0.4	0.0	3.8	-1.6	4.3	0.0	-0.1	0.6		1.5
November	0.5	1.0	0.0	0.9					2.1	0.4	0.5		0.8		-1.4					0.7	0.6	3.8	-0.8	4.6	1.8	0.0	1.3		1.9
December	0.9	1.5	0.3	1.6						0.9	1.0	-2.6		1.6	-1.4			5.4	-0.4	0.7	1.1	3.8	-0.1	4.7	2.1	0.0	1.8	2.8	
2010 January	1.0	1.7	0.8	1.8	0.4	1.9	0.8	-1.0	2.3	1.1	1.2	-2.4	1.3	2.5	-3.3	-0.3	3.0	6.2	1.2	0.4	1.2	3.9	0.1	5.2	1.8	-0.2	1.6	2.7	3.5
February	0.9	1.5	0.8	1.7	0.4	1.8	0.5	-0.3	2.9	0.9	1.4	-2.4	1.1	2.8	-4.3			5.6	0.7	0.3	0.9	3.4	0.2	4.5	1.6	-0.2	1.3	2.8	3.0
March	1.4	1.9	1.9	2.4	0.4	2.1	1.2	1.4	3.9	1.5	1.7	-2.4	1.4	2.3	-4.0			5.7	0.6	0.7	1.8	2.9	0.6	4.2	1.8	0.3	1.5	2.5	3.4
April	1.5	2.0	2.1	3.0	0.9	2.4	1.0	2.5	4.7	1.6	1.9	-2.5			-2.8			5.7	0.8	0.6	1.8	2.7	0.7	4.2	2.7	0.7	1.6	2.1	3.7
May	1.6 Po	2.0 Po	2.5	3.0	1.0	1.9	1.2	2.8	5.3	1.8	1.9	-1.9	–	1.8	-2.4		3.1	4.9		0.4 Po			1.1	4.4	2.4	0.7	1.4		3.4
June	1.4 f	х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	1.1	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	х
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Consumer Price Index – June 2010

Germany

■ Ireland

PL Poland

FI Finland

LU Luxembourg