

Informação à Comunicação Social

14, March 2007

Press Release

Consumer Price Index

February 2007

Consumer prices up 2.4% in February 2007 on a year earlier

In February, the goods and services included in the Portuguese Consumer Price Index (CPI) cost on average 2.4% more than in February 2006, 0.2 percentage points (p.p.) lower than in the previous month (see figure 1).

The core inflation index, which excludes energy components and fresh unprocessed food products and intends to reflect price growth trends, rose at a lower rate than the CPI. Compared with February 2006, this index increased 2.0%, 0.4 p.p. lower than the CPI.

The CPI 12-month average rate was 3.0%. On a monthly basis, the CPI remained unchanged (0.0%), 0.2 p.p. lower than a year earlier.

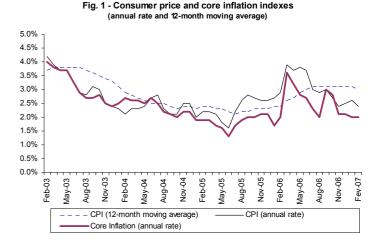
The main downward contributions to the CPI monthly rate came from changes in the prices of Clothing and footwear goods (-3.0%) and in the prices of Food and non-alcoholic beverages (-0.5%). While the former monthly result is mainly due to the sales period that usually occurs at that time of the year, the latter is essentially driven by price decreases observed in fish and vegetable products. The index divisions covering Clothing and footwear goods and Food and non-alcoholic beverages accounted for almost 51% of the overall monthly price variability.

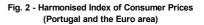
On the other hand, Recreation and culture (1.4%) and Health (0.9%) were the index divisions which accounted for the main monthly increases. Products related with gardening and pharmaceutical products cost, on average, 29.5% and 1.9% respectively more than in January 2007.

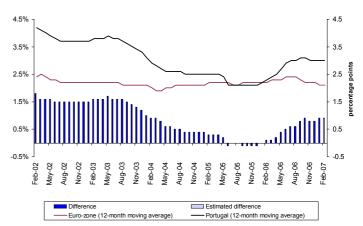
Significant upward contributions to the CPI monthly rate of change were also found in restaurants and cafes and in bread and cereals.

In February, the Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP) for Portugal rose 2.3% when compared with February 2006, 0.3 p.p. lower than the previous month. The HICP remained unchanged between January 2007 and February 2007. The HICP 12-month average rate was, for the third month in a row, 3.0%.

The gap between the Portuguese and the Euro-zone 12-month average rate of change is estimated to have remained unchanged at 0.9 p.p. in January and February 2007 (see figure 2).







For further information, please contact the 'Unidade de Comunicação e Imagem' mentioned below The March 2007 CPI/HICP will be released on April 16th 2007 Consumer Price Index – February 2007 WWW.INC. Dt 🔳 Informações adicionais: Unidade de Comunicação e Imagem [Tel: 21.842.61.00 🛛 Fax: 21.842.63.73 🛛 uci@ine.pt]





Consumer Price Index

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is an indicator showing how the prices of a certain basket of goods and services bought by a "typical" consumer change over time. The CPI has been designed to capture price changes and not to measure price levels. Both the consumption pattern and the goods and services included in the CPI basket were derived from the year 2000 Household Budget Survey and are updated annually with the most recent information on prices and quantities. The CPI is compiled through the aggregation of seven regional price indexes and the goods and services included in the index are grouped according to the COICOP classification.

Table 1: CPI/COICOP Index Divisions

01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	07	Transports
02	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	08	Communications
03	Clothing and footwear	09	Recreation and culture
04	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	10	Education
05	Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance of the house	11	Restaurants and hotels
06	Health	12	Miscellaneous goods and services

Monthly rate

The monthly rate is the change in the index of a certain month compared with the index of the previous month expressed as a percentage. Although up-to-date, this measure can be affected by seasonal and other effects.

Annual rate

The annual rate is the change in the index of a certain month compared with the index of the same month in the previous year expressed as a percentage. In the presence of a stable seasonal pattern, seasonal effects do not influence this measure.

12-month average rate

The 12-month average rate is the change in the average index of one year compared with the average index of the previous year expressed as a percentage. This moving average is less sensitive to transient changes in prices.

Core inflation index (all items CPI excluding unprocessed food and energy products)

The core inflation index is compiled by excluding unprocessed food and energy products from the all-items CPI. The primary objective of the exclusions is to eliminate some of the CPI components, which are most likely to be affected by temporary "external shocks" and to capture, in this way, the underlying inflation pressures in the economy. Examples of these "external shocks" include, among others, sharp changes in climatic conditions and the supply of raw materials such as oil. The Serviço de Análise de Conjuntura e Previsão of Departamento de Estatísticas Macroeconómicas of INE-Portugal releases a core inflation indicator based on a different methodological approach (factorial analysis) and, for this reason, it is possible that differences between the values shown by the two measures exist.

Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices

The Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP) is compiled in each member state of the European Union for the purposes of inflation comparisons across EU countries, as required by the Treaty on European Union¹. This index plays an important role as a guideline for the achievement of the European System of Central Banks primary objective: price stability. In 1998, the European Central Bank adopted the HICP as "the most appropriate price measure" for its definition of price stability in the Euro area².

¹ Article 109j and protocol on the convergence criteria referred to in that article.

² "A stability oriented monetary policy strategy for the ESCB". ECB press notice released on 13 October 1998.



Annexes:

						Index div	visions ⁽¹)					All-iten CPI		
	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12			
							nual average								
2004	1.1	3.0	-1.1	3.0	1.6	1.7	3.5	-1.0	2.8	9.3	4.6	2.6	2.4		
2005	-0.6	4.8	-1.1	4.4	1.3	0.9	5.8	-0.2	1.6	7.0	2.4	2.2	2.3		
2006	2.7	9.7	0.5	3.9	1.0	1.5	5.5	-0.9	1.2	5.2	2.3	3.3	3.1		
							Annual rate								
005 February	-0.7	5.1	-1.4	4.3	1.7	1.3	4.4	-0.4	1.8	7.0	2.9	2.7	2.2		
March	-0.5	4.5	-1.4	4.5	1.4	1.1	4.5	1.5	2.7	6.9	2.9	2.3	2.2		
April	-1.2	4.5	-1.3	4.4	1.3	1.0	5.1	1.5	2.1	6.8	2.6	1.9	2.1		
May	-1.0	4.7	-2.1	4.3	1.0	1.1	4.2	1.6	1.5	6.8	2.7	1.8	1.8		
June	-1.3	4.8	-1.9	4.2	1.0	1.0	4.6	-0.9	1.1	6.8	1.4	2.0	1.6		
July	-1.9	4.9	-1.7	4.6	1.1	1.2	6.6	-0.6	1.7	6.8	2.2	2.2	2.2		
August	-0.7	4.8	-0.5	4.6	1.1	1.0	7.1	-0.5	1.5	6.7	2.8	2.1	2.6		
September	-0.4	5.2	0.4	4.6	1.2	0.9	8.3	-0.5	0.6	7.2	2.2	2.2	2.8		
October	-0.4	5.3	0.1	4.6	1.3	0.6	7.5	-1.1	1.0	8.0	1.7	2.2	2.7		
November	0.8	5.3	-0.6	4.1	1.5	0.1	6.3	-1.1	1.2	6.9	2.0	2.1	2.6		
December	1.4	5.3	-1.3	3.9	1.5	-0.1	6.2	-1.1	1.4	6.8	2.2	2.0	2.6		
2006 January	1.7	14.5	-11.6	4.0	1.5	0.0	8.2	-1.2	1.2	5.3	2.6	2.3	2.7		
February	1.8	9.1	-6.5	4.4	1.0	0.2	8.4	-1.1	1.3	5.3	2.0	2.4	2.9		
March	1.3	9.4	12.1	4.4	0.7	0.1	7.8	-0.5	1.2	5.7	2.1	2.5	3.9		
April	1.7	9.4	5.4	4.1	0.9	0.5	7.9	-0.7	1.7	5.7	2.6	2.9	3.7		
May	2.6	9.0	0.9	4.1	1.0	0.7	8.5	-0.6	1.9	5.7	2.3	3.6	3.8		
June	3.9	9.2	-0.9	4.1	1.0	0.8	7.4	-0.6	2.2	5.7	2.3	3.6	3.7		
July	3.1	9.3	-2.7	3.8	1.2	0.7	6.1	-0.9	1.6	5.7	2.2	3.5	3.0		
August	3.2	9.5	-3.0	3.8	0.9	1.2	5.2	-0.9	1.0	5.7	1.7	3.3	2.9		
September	3.1	9.3	8.9	3.7	0.9	1.4	2.5	-1.0	0.7	5.9	2.3	3.7	3.0		
October	3.6	9.3	6.4	3.3	0.9	2.7	0.8	-1.0	0.4	4.0	2.5	3.9	2.7		
November	3.3	9.4	-0.6	3.2	0.9	4.3	1.5	-1.0	0.4	4.0	2.6	3.7	2.4		
December	3.1	9.4	-0.9	3.2	0.8	5.5	2.2	-1.3	0.7	4.0	2.2	3.7	2.5		
007 January	4.1	0.8	1.9	3.9	1.5	5.5	1.5	-1.3	0.6	4.0	2.3	3.3	2.6		
February	3.6	0.8	0.7	3.6	1.5	6.0	0.8	-1.3	1.8	3.9	2.5	3.3	2.4		
Symbols: "	estimated		(a) provisio	nal		x not available									

CPI rate of change (index division and all items CPI)

Consumer Price Index – February 2007

Source:

INE - Portugal





HICP rate of change (international comparison)⁽¹⁾

	EU-13 ⁽²	EICP ⁽³⁾	BE	BG	cz	DK	DE	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	ш	сү	LV	LT	LU	HU	мт	NL	AT	PL	РТ	RO	SI	sĸ	FL	SE	U
	20.0	2.01													averag														_
2004 2005 2006	2.1 2.2 2.2	2.0 2.2 2.2	1.9 2.5 2.3	6.1 6.0* 7.4*	2.6 1.6 2.1		1.8 1.9 1.8	3.0 4.1 4.4		3.1 3.4 3.6	2.3 1.9 1.9	2.2	2.3 2.2	1.9 2.0 2.2	6.2 6.9	1.2 2.7	3.2 3.8 3.0	6.8 3.5 4.0	2.5	1.4 1.5 1.7	2.0 2.1 1.7	3.6 2.2 1.3		11.9 9.1 6.6	3.7 2.5 2.5	7.5 2.8 4.3	0.1 0.8 1.3	1.0 0.8 1.5	2
														An	nual ra	ite													
2005 February	2.1	2.1	2.3	3.8*	1.4	1.0	1.9	4.6	3.2	3.3	1.9	2.1	2.0		7.0	3.2	3.2	3.4		1.5	2.3	3.6		8.9	2.8	2.7	0.0	1.2	
March	2.1	2.1	2.8	4.4*	1.1	1.3	1.6	4.8	2.9	3.4	2.1		2.2		6.6	3.2	3.5	3.3		1.5	2.4	3.4		8.7	3.3	2.4	0.9	0.5	
April	2.1	2.1	2.4	5.3*	1.4	1.7	1.4	4.7	3.3	3.5	2.0	2.2		2.7	7.1	3.2	3.7	3.8	2.0	1.3	2.3	3.1	2.0	10.0	2.7	2.7	1.2	0.4	
May	2.0 2.1	2.0 2.0	2.3 2.7	5.1* 6.5*	0.9 1.3	1.2 1.7	1.6 1.8	2.9 3.2	3.2 3.2	3.0 3.2	1.7 1.8	2.1 1.9		∠.⊺ 1.5	6.5 6.6	1.9 2.0	3.7 3.2	3.5 3.7	2.4 2.1	1.0 1.5	2.0 2.0	2.1	1.8 0.6	10.0 9.7	2.1 1.7	2.4 2.6	0.6 1.0	0.2 0.8	
June July	2.1	2.0	2.7	6.0*	1.4	1.8	1.8		3.9	3.3	1.8		2.1		6.3	1.9	4.0	3.6	1.7	1.5	2.0	1.4		9.4	2.0	2.0	0.9	0.8	
August	2.2	2.2	2.9	7.2*	1.4	2.4	1.9	4.2	3.6	3.3	2.0	2.1		1.5	6.3	2.3	4.3	3.5	2.5	1.6	1.9	1.8		8.9	1.8	2.1	1.0	1.1	
September	2.6	2.5	3.0	7.5*	2.0	2.3	2.5	4.9	3.8	3.8	2.4		2.2		7.4	2.5	4.7	3.6		1.7	2.6	1.9		8.5	3.2		1.1	1.1	
October	2.5	2.4	2.2	8.2*	2.4	1.9	2.3	4.5	3.7	3.5	2.0	2.6		2.2	7.7	3.0	5.0	3.1	3.0	1.5	2.0	1.6		8.2	3.2	3.5	0.8	0.9	2
November	2.3	2.3	2.3	8.0*	2.2	1.8	2.2	4.0	3.4	3.4	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.0	7.6	2.8	3.6	3.3	4.3	1.6	1.7	1.1	2.5	8.7	2.1	3.6	1.0	1.2	2
December	2.2	2.1	2.8	7.4*	1.9	2.2	2.1	3.6	3.5	3.7	1.8	1.9	2.1	1.4	7.1	3.0	3.4	3.3	3.4	2.0	1.6	0.8	2.5	8.7	2.4	3.9	1.1	1.3	1
2006 January	2.4	2.3	2.8	7.6*	2.4	2.0	2.1	4.7	3.0	4.2	2.3	2.5		2.0	7.6	3.5	4.1	2.5	2.4	1.8	1.5	0.9		9.0	2.6	4.1	1.2	1.1	
February	2.3	2.2	2.8	9.4*	2.4	2.1	2.1	4.5		4.1	2.0	2.7		2.3	7.0	3.4	3.9	2.3	2.3	1.4	1.5	0.9		8.6	2.3	4.3	1.3	1.1	
March	2.2	2.1	2.2	9.1*	2.4	1.8	1.9	4.0	3.3	3.9	1.7	2.8		2.6	6.6	3.1	3.7	2.4	2.9	1.4	1.3	0.9		8.5	2.0	4.3	1.2	1.5	
April	2.5 2.5	2.3 2.4	2.6 2.8	8.5* 9.0*	2.3 2.8	1.8 2.1	2.3 2.1	4.3 4.6	3.5 3.3	3.9 4.1	2.0	3.0	2.3 2.3	2.5 2.5	6.1 7.1	3.4 3.6	3.5 3.6	2.4 2.9	3.5 3.5	1.8 1.8	2.1 2.1	1.2 1.5		7.0 7.3	2.8 3.4	4.4 4.8	1.5 1.7	1.8 1.9	
May June	2.5	2.4	2.0 2.5	9.0 8.4*	2.0	2.1	2.1	4.0	3.4	4.1	2.4 2.2	2.9		2.5	6.3	3.7	3.9	2.9	3.3	1.8	1.9	1.5		7.2	3.4	4.0	1.7	1.9	
July	2.4	2.4	2.4	7.8*	2.4	2.0	2.1	4.5	3.9	4.0	2.2	2.9		2.8	6.9	4.4	3.4	3.2		1.7	2.0	1.4	3.0	6.2	1.9	5.0	1.4	1.8	
August	2.3	2.3	2.3	7.0*	2.6	1.9	1.8	5.0	3.4	3.8	2.1	3.2			6.8	4.3	3.1	4.7	3.0	1.9	2.1	1.7	2.7	6.1	3.1	5.0	1.3	1.6	
September	1.7	1.9	1.9	5.4*	2.2	1.5	1.0	3.8	3.1	2.9	1.5	2.2	2.4	2.2	5.9	3.3	2.0	5.9	3.1	1.5	1.3	1.4	3.0	5.5	2.5	4.5	0.8	1.2	2
October	1.6	1.8	1.7	5.2*	0.8	1.4	1.1	3.8	3.1	2.6	1.2	2.2	1.9	1.7	5.6	3.7	0.6	6.3	1.7	1.3	1.3	1.1	2.6	4.8	1.5	3.1	0.9	1.2	2
November	1.9	2.1	2.0	5.9*	1.0	1.8	1.5	4.7	3.2	2.7	1.6	2.4	2.0	1.3	6.3	4.4	1.8	6.4	0.9	1.6	1.6	1.3	2.4	4.7	2.4	3.7	1.3	1.5	2
December	1.9	2.2	2.1	6.1*	1.5	1.7	1.4	5.1	3.2	2.7	1.7	3.0	2.1	1.5	6.8	4.5	2.3	6.6	0.8	1.7	1.6	1.4	2.5	4.9	3.0	3.7	1.2	1.4	3
2007 January		2.1(a)	1.7	6.9(a)	1.4	1.8		5.0		2.4	1.4	2.9	1.9	1.4		4.0				1.0(a) 1.8 (a) 1.7 (a		4.1	2.8	2.2	1.3	1.6	2
February	1.8"	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	2.3	х	х	х	х	х	
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Consumer Price Index - February 2007



Portugal acolhe, em Agosto de 2007, o maior congresso mundial na área da Estatística: a Sessão Bienal do International Statistical Institute,

numa organização do INE com o apoio de diversas entidades.

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