

12 February 2018

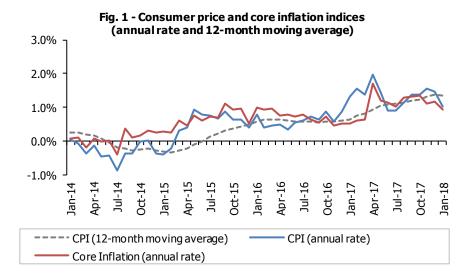
Consumer Prices Index January 2018

### CPI annual rate of change decreased to 1.0% in January

The CPI annual rate moved from 1.5% in December 2017 to 1.0% in January 2018. The annual core inflation rate, which excludes energy and unprocessed food products components, was 0.9% (1.2% in the previous month).

The CPI monthly rate was -1.0% (nil in the previous month and -0.6% in January 2017), while the CPI 12-month average was 1.3%, down from 1.4% in December.

In January 2018, the Portuguese Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP) annual rate of change was 1.1% (1.6% in the previous month), 0.2 percentage points (p.p.) below the rate estimated by Eurostat for the Euro area (in December, the Portuguese HICP annual rate of change was 0.2 p.p. above the rate of the Euro area).



In January 2018, the annual inflation rate measured by the CPI was 1.0%, 0.5 p.p. below the rate of the previous month (see Fig. 1). Comparing with the flash estimate for the CPI released in 31 January, this rate was 0.1 p.p. lower (see further details in the end of this press release).

The annual core inflation rate, which excludes energy and unprocessed food products components, was 0.9% (1.2% in the previous month). The unprocessed food aggregate recorded an annual rate of 0.8% in January (2.2% in December 2017) while energy presented an annual rate of 2.3% (3.2% in the previous month).

The largest downward pressure on the overall annual rate of change came from decreases in the prices of *Clothing* and *Footwear*, while upward pressures came from changes in the prices of *Transports* and *Food and non-alcoholic* beverages.

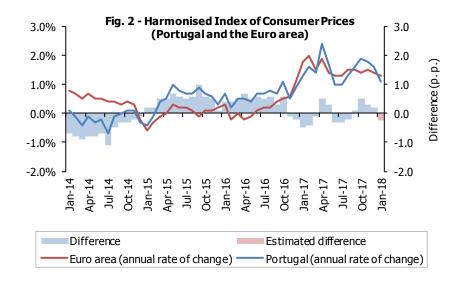


In January, the CPI monthly rate was -1.0% (nil in the previous month and -0.6% in January 2017). The main decrease was observed in the prices of *Clothing and Footwear*. On the opposite side, upward contributions were observed in the prices of *Housing*, water, electricity, gas and other fuels.

The CPI 12-month average rate was 1.3% in January (1.4% in the previous month).

In January, the HICP annual rate was 1.1% (1.6% in the previous month) while the HICP monthly rate was -1.2% (-0.7% in January 2017).

In December 2017, the annual rate of change of the Portuguese HICP was 0.2 p.p. above the annual rate of change for the Euro area. The Portuguese HICP annual rate of change is estimated to be 0.2 p.p. below the Euro area rate in January 2018.



The HICP 12-month average rate was 1.5% in January (1.6% in December 2017).

#### **Housing Rents**

In December 2017 the monthly rate of change of the average value of rents per square meter for the whole country was 0.2% (0.1% in the previous month).

All regions exhibited positive rates of change, with the main increase recorded in the Açores region (0.4%).

The annual change rate of the housing rents for the whole country was 0.7% in January. The main increase was observed in the Açores region (1.9%) and the Algarve region recorded the only decrease (-0.2%).







### Consumer Price Index 2017 – changes due to the annual chaining of the index

With the publication of the Consumer Price Index (CPI) in January of each year, the expenditure structure and the goods and services included in the basket are updated benefiting from the chaining process.

The weighting structure for the 2018 CPI is based on the households' final monetary consumption expenditure of Portuguese National Accounts data (final for 2015 and preliminary for 2016) at five-digit level of the Classification of Individual Consumption by Purpose (COICOP). These results are valued to December 2017 prices.

This complies with the regulations of the European Commission and Eurostat recommendations for the compilation of the Harmonized Index of Consumer Prices, aiming to ensure the highest quality of the information and the comparability among Member States.

Using information from National Accounts as the primary source ensures the appropriate update of the weights at the aggregated level on an annual basis, reflecting not only price changes but also changes in quantities of goods and services purchased by households. Information from National Accounts, which reflects the integration of several sources, including the Household Budget Survey (HBS), ensures a high degree of consistency with other fundamental variables for economic analysis. National Accounts are compiled using supply and use tables, matching available resources of each product (domestic production and imports) and the respective uses (exports and domestic spending) at a relatively detailed level.

As the breakdown level of the products included in the CPI is larger than the one provided by National Accounts, for more disaggregated levels of expenditure, information from the HBS and the Census, supplemented by other administrative sources and other surveys conducted by Statistics Portugal, is used. These data sources are also used for updating the goods and services included in the CPI. As a consequence of the use of 2015/2016 HBS data, which is available every five years, the CPI basket has been subject to more changes and updates than in the years in which there is no information stemming from this survey.

With the access to more detailed and updated information, notably coming from administrative sources, changes in the weighting structure and / or samples were also introduced for cigarettes, electricity, natural gas, pharmaceutical products, new cars, motorcycles, airline tickets, telecommunications services, newspapers and periodicals, football, betting and gambling, insurance and financial services.

Also of note is the use of administrative data for rents, which resulted in an increase of the sample from 3.000 dwellings to more than 300.000 dwellings. There is also a significant increase of prices collected online, especially for cars, prescription medicine, hotels and airline tickets.

The following table presents the CPI weights for 2017 and 2018.

COI	COP <sup>1</sup> divisions	2017 weights	2018 weights
01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	203.9	204.6
02	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	38.6	36.5
03	Clothing and footwear	73.6	74.0
04	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	99.8	97.9
05	Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance of the house	61.7	60.8
06	Health	59.0	62.6
07	Transport	153.5	157.7
08	Communication	34.3	31.3
09	Recreation and culture	71.8	74.2
10	Education	15.9	15.2
11	Restaurants and hotels	88.2	86.7
12	Miscellaneous goods and services	99.8	98.6
00	All items	1000 <sup>2</sup>	1000 <sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> COICOP – Classification Of Individual Consumption by Purpose

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Due to rounding, the sum of the parts may not add exactly to 1000.







#### **Consumer Price Index**

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) measures the change over time of the prices of a certain basket of goods and services bought by a "typical" consumer. The CPI has been designed to capture price changes and not to measure price levels.

The CPI is updated every year with the most recent information on prices and quantities. The 2018 CPI weighting structure and the sample of goods and services included in the basket are a result of the combination of three fundamental sources of information: results of the Portuguese National Accounts complemented with the Household Budget Survey and the Census for more detailed levels of expenditure. Administrative data is also used.

The CPI is compiled through the aggregation of seven regional price indexes and the goods and services included in the index are grouped according to the COICOP classification.

#### Table 1: CPI - COICOP Divisions

01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	07	Transports
02	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	80	Communications
03	Clothing and footwear	09	Recreation and culture
04	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	10	Education
05	Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance of the house	11	Restaurants and hotels
06	Health	12	Miscellaneous goods and services

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>COICOP: Classification Of Individual Consumption by Purpose

### Monthly rate

The monthly rate is the change in the index of a certain month compared with the index of the previous month expressed as a percentage. Although up-to-date, this measure can be affected by seasonal and other effects.

#### **Annual rate**

The annual rate is the change in the index of a certain month compared with the index of the same month in the previous year expressed as a percentage. In the presence of a stable seasonal pattern, seasonal effects do not influence this measure.

#### 12-month average rate

The 12-month average rate is the change in the average index of one year compared with the average index of the previous year expressed as a percentage. This moving average is less sensitive to transient changes in prices.

#### Core inflation index (all items CPI excluding unprocessed food and energy products)

The core inflation index is compiled by excluding the prices of unprocessed food and energy products from the all items CPI. The primary objective of this index is to capture the underlying inflation pressures in the economy.

#### **Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices**

The Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP) is compiled in each member state of the European Union for the purposes of inflation comparisons across EU countries, as required by the Treaty on European Union<sup>1</sup>. This index plays an important role as a guideline for the achievement of the European System of Central Banks primary objective: price stability. In 1998, the European Central Bank adopted the HICP as "the most appropriate price measure" for its definition of price stability in the Euro area<sup>2</sup>.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Article 109j and protocol on the convergence criteria referred to in that article.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A stability oriented monetary policy strategy for the ESCB". ECB press notice released on 13 October 1998.







The HICP is produced in each Member State following a harmonized methodology developed by experts in the field of price statistics, under the "Price Statistics Working Group" and related Task Forces. From the methodological point of view, there are no major differences between the HICP and CPI. However, the different scope of coverage leads to differences in the weighting structure, mainly in Restaurants and hotels. This is mostly an effect of the inclusion of non-residents expenditure ("tourists") in the HICP and the corresponding exclusion from the CPI.

Additional information on the methodology of the HICP is available at <a href="http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/hicp">http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/hicp</a>.

Table 2: CPI and HICP 2018 weighting structure

COIC	OP divisions	СРІ	HICP
01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	204.6	195.6
02	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	36.5	35.7
03	Clothing and footwear	74.0	74.7
04	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	97.9	91.5
05	Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance of the house	60.8	58.8
06	Health	62.6	59.5
07	Transport	157.7	154.2
80	Communication	31.3	29.2
09	Recreation and culture	74.2	61.5
10	Education	15.2	14.1
11	Restaurants and hotels	86.7	132.3
12	Miscellaneous goods and services	98.6	92.7
00	All items	1000 <sup>2</sup>	1000 <sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> COICOP: Classification Of Individual Consumption by Purpose.

### Presentation of data and rounding rules

Since the release of the January 2013 CPI indices are published with base 100 in the year 2012.

Due to rounding procedures, those indices may not reproduce exactly the published rates of change. However, it should be noted that the published rates prevail.

In this press release the descriptive analysis is based on rounded values to one decimal.

#### Differences between estimated and final values

In table 3, some descriptive statistics are presented for the differences between the estimated and final values of the annual rate for the last 24 months. The table also includes the differences for the last three months, in p.p..

Table 3: Differences between the estimated and final values of the annual rate

		erences nonths (p			erences nonths (p	
	Mean	Max	Min	Nov-17	Dec-17	Jan-18
Total	0.00	0.08	-0.07	0.02	0.00	-0.04
All items excluding housing	0.00	0.08	-0.07	0.02	0.00	-0.04
All items excl. unproc. food and energy	0.00	0.10	-0.09	0.02	-0.01	-0.04
Unprocessed food	-0.03	0.03	-0.27	-0.02	-0.01	-0.02
Energy	0.03	0.17	-0.02	0.03	0.01	-0.01

#### **Next press releases**

The February 2018 flash estimate will be available on February 28<sup>th</sup> 2018.

The February 2018 CPI/HICP will be released on March 12<sup>th</sup> 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Due to rounding, the sum of the parts may not add exactly to 1000.





# CPI rate of change (index division and all items CPI)

Annex:	Index divisions <sup>(1)</sup>												All-iten CPI		
	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12			
						Anr	nual averag	je rate							
2015	1.01	4.09	-2.02	0.23	0.67	0.41	-0.99	4.12	-0.63	0.65	1.31	0.42	0.49		
2016	0.49	2.61	-0.39	0.39	0.43	-0.61	-0.56	3.17	1.02	0.89	2.21	0.60	0.61		
2017	1.53	2.57	-2.39	0.59	-0.45	0.44	3.06	2.60	1.42	0.95	3.73	0.83	1.37		
	Annual rate														
2016 January	0.21	4.37	0.16	-0.07	0.77	-0.01	0.04	5.31	0.98	0.91	0.60	1.60	0.78		
February	-0.62	4.06	-0.23	0.59	1.14	-0.19	-1.28	3.95	1.90	0.92	0.15	1.09	0.40		
March	-0.73	4.38	0.02	0.62	1.22	-0.16	-1.43	3.30	1.26	0.93	1.77	0.90	0.45		
April	0.09	2.41	0.04	0.69	0.89	-0.92	-0.93	2.95	0.74	0.94	1.99	0.43	0.48		
May	-0.10	2.27	-0.76	0.65	0.67	-0.98	-1.29	2.76	0.94	0.94	2.19	0.50	0.33		
June	1.01	1.89	-0.86	0.69	0.62	-0.90	-1.49	1.75	0.94	0.94	2.61	0.74	0.55		
July	1.65	1.77	1.32	0.12	0.35	-0.72	-2.10	1.66	0.36	0.91	2.62	0.63	0.61		
August	1.82	2.16	0.78	0.28	0.02	-0.76	-1.29	1.57	-0.29	0.89	3.29	0.41	0.72		
September	0.99	1.65	-0.81	-0.05	-0.26	-0.59	-0.29	2.51	0.76	0.89	3.38	0.39	0.63		
October	0.45	2.23	-1.44	0.24	0.02	-0.60	0.94	3.05	2.56	0.77	4.20	0.10	0.88		
November	0.49	2.05	-1.36	0.28	0.04	-0.62	0.68	4.07	1.21	0.81	1.76	-0.01	0.58		
December	0.62	2.28	-0.93	0.61	-0.35	-0.84	1.89	5.18	0.91	0.82	1.85	0.42	0.88		
2017 January	1.33	2.40	-0.69	0.49	-0.19	-0.47	5.38	2.47	1.38	0.85	1.61	-0.13	1.33		
February	2.37	2.57	-1.83	0.11	-0.19	-0.27	5.89	1.92	0.83	0.85	1.89	0.44	1.55		
March	2.68	3.73	-1.72	0.31	-0.83	-0.26	3.09	2.43	0.99	0.86	2.02	0.28	1.37		
April	1.97	3.29	-2.01	0.15	-0.52	0.73	4.58	3.07	2.70	0.85	5.70	0.41	1.98		
May	2.07	3.03	-1.77	0.05	-0.23	0.48	1.09	3.26	2.15	0.85	4.91	1.14	1.45		
June	0.22	2.21	-1.64	-0.22	-0.55	0.45	1.52	3.58	2.13	0.83	3.51	0.80	0.91		
July	0.31	2.26	-2.47	0.51	-0.79	0.60	1.09	3.69	2.54	0.85	3.68	0.86	0.90		
August	0.37	2.25	-1.90	0.65	-0.57	0.64	1.73	3.83	2.79	0.85	3.91	1.12	1.14		
September	1.12	2.61	-3.44	1.33	-0.45	0.70	2.61	3.09	1.53	0.87	4.48	1.25	1.39		
October	1.32	1.88	-3.70	1.18	-0.44	0.83	2.60	2.46	-0.19	1.21	6.01	1.43	1.39		
November	2.43	2.63	-3.63	1.26	-0.40	0.84	3.57	1.47	0.16	1.23	3.77	1.19	1.55		
December	2.28	2.04	-3.43	1.31	-0.26	1.02	3.83	0.12	0.13	1.24	3.02	1.12	1.47		
2018 January	1.45	2.31	-4.68	1.48	-1.02	0.74	3.23	0.59	-0.18	1.23	2.49	1.20	1.03		
Note:	(1) The nam	nes of the div	/isions are giv	en in the ex	planatory no	tes.									
Source:	INE - Portug	gal													

Consumer Price Index - January 2018





## HICP rate of change (international comparison)(1)

	EA- 19 <sup>(2)</sup>	(3)	BE	BG	CZ	DK	DE	EE	EL	ES	FR	HR	IE	п	CY	LV	LT	LU	HU	МТ	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
	Annual average rate																													
2015	0.0	0.0	0.6	-1.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	-1.1	-0.6	0.1	-0.3	0.0	0.1	-1.5	0.2	-0.7	0.1	0.1	1.2	0.2	0.8	-0.7	0.5	-0.4	-0.8	-0.3	-0.2	0.7	0.0
2016	0.2	0.3	1.8	-1.3	0.6	0.0	0.4	0.8	0.0	-0.3	0.3	-0.6	-0.2	-0.1	-1.2	0.1	0.7	0.0	0.4	0.9	0.1	1.0	-0.2	0.6	-1.1	-0.2	-0.5	0.4	1.1	0.7
2017	1.5	1.7	2.2	1.2	2.4	1.1	1.7	3.7	1.1	2.0	1.2	1.3	0.3	1.3	0.7	2.9	3.7	2.1	2.4	1.3	1.3	2.2	1.6	1.6	1.1	1.6	1.4	0.8	1.9	2.7
															Annu	al rate														
2016 January	0.3	0.3	1.8	-0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.1	-0.1	-0.4	0.3	-0.2	0.0	0.4	-1.1	-0.3	0.7	0.5	1.0	0.8	0.2	1.4	-0.3	0.7	-1.5	-0.8	-0.6	0.0	1.3	0.3
February	-0.2	-0.1	1.1	-1.0	0.5	0.1	-0.2	0.4	0.1	-1.0	-0.1	-0.6	-0.2	-0.2	-2.2	-0.6	0.5	-0.3	0.3	1.0	0.3	1.0	-0.2	0.2	-2.1	-0.9	-0.3	-0.1	0.8	0.3
March	0.0	0.0	1.6	-1.9	0.3	-0.3	0.1	0.5	-0.7	-1.0	-0.1	-0.9	-0.6	-0.2	-2.2	-0.6	0.8	-0.6	-0.2	1.0	0.5	0.7	-0.4	0.5	-2.4	-0.9	-0.5	0.0	1.2	0.5
April	-0.2	-0.2	1.5	-2.5	0.5	-0.3	-0.3	0.0	-0.4	-1.2	-0.1	-0.9	-0.2	-0.4	-2.1	-0.7	0.8	-0.6	0.3	0.8	-0.2	0.6	-0.5	0.5	-2.6	-0.7	-0.4	0.3	1.0	0.3
May	-0.1	-0.1	1.6	-2.5	0.0	-0.1	0.0	0.0	-0.2	-1.1	0.1	-1.2	-0.2	-0.3	-1.9	-0.8	0.2	-0.6	-0.1	1.0	-0.2	0.6	-0.4	0.4	-3.0	-0.5	-0.7	0.3	0.8	0.3
June	0.1	0.1	1.8	-1.9	-0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.2	-0.9	0.3	-1.2	0.1	-0.2	-2.0	-0.6	0.4	-0.4	-0.1	1.0	-0.2	0.6	-0.4	0.7	-0.7	0.0	-0.7	0.3	1.2	0.5
July	0.2	0.2	2.0	-1.1	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.8	0.2	-0.7	0.4	-1.1	0.1	-0.2	-0.4	0.1	0.0	-0.4	-0.3	0.9	-0.6	0.6	-0.6	0.7	-0.3	-0.1	-0.9	0.5	1.1	0.6
August	0.2	0.3	2.0	-1.1	0.6	0.0	0.3	1.1	0.4	-0.3	0.4	-1.5	-0.4	-0.1	-0.6	-0.1	0.5	-0.2	-0.1	1.0	0.1	0.6	-0.5	0.8	0.3	-0.2	-0.8	0.5	1.2	0.6
September	0.4	0.4	1.8	-1.1	0.5	-0.3	0.5	1.7	-0.1	0.0	0.5	-0.7	-0.3	0.1	-0.4	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.7	0.9	-0.1	1.1	-0.2	0.7	-0.1	0.2	-0.5	0.5	0.8	1.0
October	0.5	0.5	1.9	-1.0	0.8	0.1	0.7	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.5	-0.3	-0.4	-0.1	-1.0	1.1	0.7	0.7	1.1	0.5	0.3	1.4	0.1	1.1	0.1	0.7	-0.3	0.6	1.1	0.9
November	0.6	0.6	1.7	-0.8	1.6	0.1	0.7	1.4	-0.2	0.5	0.7	0.2	-0.2	0.1	-0.8	1.2	1.1	0.6	1.1	0.8	0.4	1.5	0.2	0.5	-0.2	0.7	-0.2	0.6	1.3	1.2
December	1.1	1.2	2.2	-0.5	2.1	0.3	1.7	2.4	0.3	1.4	8.0	0.7	-0.2	0.5	0.1	2.1	2.0	1.6	1.8	1.0	0.7	1.6	0.9	0.9	-0.1	0.6	0.2	1.1	1.7	1.6
2017 January	1.8	1.7	3.1	0.4	2.3	0.7	1.9	2.8	1.5	2.9	1.6	0.9	0.2	1.0	0.7	2.9	2.5	2.5	2.4	1.4	1.6	2.1	1.4	1.3	0.3	1.5	0.8	0.9	1.5	1.8
February	2.0	2.0	3.3	0.9	2.6	0.9	2.2	3.4	1.4	3.0	1.4	1.4	0.3	1.6	1.4	3.2	3.2	2.7	2.9	1.2	1.7	2.4	1.9	1.6	0.5	2.5	1.2	1.4	1.9	2.3
March	1.5	1.6	2.5	1.0	2.6	0.9	1.5	3.0	1.7	2.1	1.4	1.1	0.6	1.4	1.5	3.3	3.2	2.5	2.7	1.2	0.6	2.1	1.8	1.4	0.4	2.0	1.0	0.9	1.4	2.3
April	1.9	2.0	2.7	1.7	2.1	1.0	2.0	3.6	1.6	2.6	1.4	1.4	0.7	2.0	2.1	3.3	3.5	2.6	2.3	1.1	1.4	2.3	1.8	2.4	0.6	1.7	0.8	1.0	2.0	2.7
May	1.4	1.6	1.9	1.4	2.5	0.7	1.4	3.5	1.5	2.0	0.9	1.0	0.0	1.6	0.9	2.7	3.2	1.9	2.1	1.1	0.7	2.1	1.5	1.7	0.5	1.5	1.1	0.9	1.8	2.9
June	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.1	2.4	0.4	1.5	3.1	0.9	1.6	0.8	1.1	-0.6	1.2	0.9	3.1	3.5	1.5	2.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.9	1.0	0.9	1.8	2.6
July	1.3	1.5	1.8	0.6	2.4	1.5	1.5	3.9	0.9	1.7	0.8	1.2	-0.2	1.2	-0.1	2.6	4.1	1.8	2.2	1.2	1.5	2.0	1.4	1.0	0.9	1.2	1.5	0.6	2.3	2.6
August	1.5	1.7	2.0	0.7	2.4	1.5	1.8	4.2	0.6	2.0	1.0	1.5	0.4	1.4	0.5	3.2	4.6	2.3	2.7	1.2	1.5	2.1	1.4	1.3	0.6	1.4	1.6	0.8	2.2	2.9
September	1.5	1.8	2.0	1.3	2.5	1.6	1.8	3.9	1.0	1.8	1.1	1.6	0.2	1.3	0.1	3.0	4.6	2.0	2.5	1.2	1.4	2.5	1.6	1.6	1.3	1.4	1.8	0.8	2.2 1.7	3.0
October November	1.4 1.5	1.7 1.8	1.8 2.1	1.5 1.9	2.8 2.5	1.4 1.3	1.5 1.8	4.0 4.5	0.5 1.1	1.7 1.8	1.2 1.2	1.6 1.6	0.5 0.5	1.1 1.1	0.4 0.2	2.7 2.7	4.2 4.2	2.0 2.0	2.2	1.5 1.5	1.3 1.5	2.4 2.4	1.6 2.0	1.9 1.8	2.0 2.6	1.3 1.4	1.8 2.1	0.5 0.9	1.7	3.0 3.1
December	1.4	1.7	2.1	1.8	2.2	0.8	1.6	3.8	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.3	0.5	1.0	-0.4	2.2	3.8	1.6	2.2	1.3	1.2	2.3	1.7	1.6	2.6	1.9	2.0	0.5	1.7	3.0
2018 January	1.3 f	x	x	x	x	х	1.4 f	x	0.2 f	0.7 f	1.5 f	х	х	х	-1.3 f	2.0 f	3.7 f	1.3 f	х	1.6 f	x	х	х	1.1	х	х	<b>2.4</b> f	0.8 f	x	х

Symbols: f estimated Po provisional Rc revised x not available

s: (1) From January 2006 onwards: base 100=2005; index rates of change calculated based on indexes rounded up to two decimal places.

(2) Member States belonging to the Euro area: EA-13 until December 2007, EA-15 until December 2008, EA-16 until December 2010, EA-17 until December 2013, EA-18 until December 2014, EA-19 from January 2015 (including Lithuania).

(3) European Index of Consumer Prices: EU-15 until April 2004, EU-25 until December 2006, EU-27 until June 2013 and EU-28 onwards.

Source: INE-Portugal and Eurostat.

#### Code abbreviations of the Member States:

BG	Belgium Bulgaria Czech Republic	EE EL ES	Estonia Greece Spain	LV	Italy Cyprus Latvia	MT	Croatia Hungary Malta	PT RO	Poland Portugal Romania
	Denmark	FR	France	LT	Lithuania		Netherlands		Slovenia
DE	Germany	IE	Ireland	LU	Luxembourg	AT	Austria	SK	Slovakia

Consumer Price Index - January 2018

SE Sweden
UK United Kingdom