



14 August, 2008

PRESS RELEASE
CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

July 2008

CONSUMER PRICES UP 3.1 IN JULY ON A YEAR EARLIER

The Portuguese Consumer Price Index (CPI) rose 3.1% in July 2008 when compared with July 2007. On a monthly basis, the CPI decreased 0.6%. The CPI 12-month average rate of change remained unchanged at 2.7% in July 2008.

In July, the Portuguese Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP) increased 3.1% when compared with the same month of the previous year, 1.0 percentage points below the rate estimated by Eurostat for the Euro area.

Consumer prices increased 3.1% in July 2008 when compared with July of the previous year, 0.3 percentage points (p.p.) lower than in the previous month (see figure 1).

The core inflation index, which excludes energy components and fresh unprocessed food products, rose at a lower rate than the CPI (2.1%), 0.2 p.p. lower than in the previous month.

It is worth mentioning that, since the beginning of July, there was a reduction of the standard VAT rate by 1 p.p..

The main upward pressure on the overall annual rate of change came from changes in the prices of Food and non-alcoholic beverages and Transports.

The main downward contribution to the CPI monthly rate came from changes in the prices of Clothing and footwear. These products cost, on average, 8.1% less than in June 2007. Price decreases were also found in products and services related with Communications (-2.2%), in Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels (-0.6%) and in Food and non-alcoholic beverages (-0.3%).

On the other hand, the main upward contributions were found in Recreation and culture (0.6%), Restaurants and hotels (0.2%) and Transports (0.1%).

In July, the HICP for Portugal rose 3.1% when compared with July 2007, 0.3 p.p. lower than in the previous month. On a monthly basis the HICP decreased 0.5%. The HICP 12-month average rate remained unchanged at 2.7%.

In June 2008 the gap between the Portuguese and the Euro-area annual rate of change was -0.6 p.p. and is estimated to have widened to -1.0 in July 2008 (see figure 2).

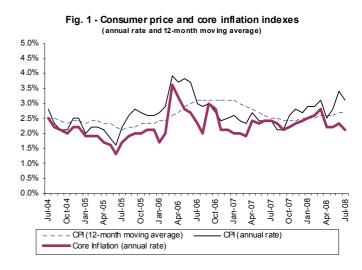
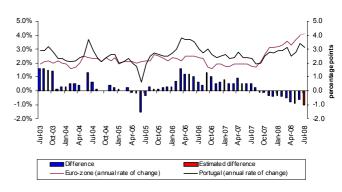


Fig. 2 - Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (Portugal and the Euro area)



The August 2008 CPI/HICP will be released on September 12th 2008





Consumer Price Index

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is an indicator showing how the prices of a certain basket of goods and services bought by a "typical" consumer change over time. The CPI has been designed to capture price changes and not to measure price levels. Both the consumption pattern and the goods and services included in the CPI basket were derived from the year 2000 Household Budget Survey and are updated annually with the most recent information on prices and quantities. The CPI is compiled through the aggregation of seven regional price indexes and the goods and services included in the index are grouped according to the COICOP classification.

Table 1: CPI/COICOP Index Divisions

01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	07	Transports
02	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	80	Communications
03	Clothing and footwear	09	Recreation and culture
04	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	10	Education
05	Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance of	11	Restaurants and hotels
	the house		
06	Health	12	Miscellaneous goods and services

Monthly rate

The monthly rate is the change in the index of a certain month compared with the index of the previous month expressed as a percentage. Although up-to-date, this measure can be affected by seasonal and other effects.

Annual rate

The annual rate is the change in the index of a certain month compared with the index of the same month in the previous year expressed as a percentage. In the presence of a stable seasonal pattern, seasonal effects do not influence this measure.

12-month average rate

The 12-month average rate is the change in the average index of one year compared with the average index of the previous year expressed as a percentage. This moving average is less sensitive to transient changes in prices.

Core inflation index (all items CPI excluding unprocessed food and energy products)

The core inflation index is compiled by excluding the prices of unprocessed food and energy products from the all-items CPI. The primary objective of this index is to capture the underlying inflation pressures in the economy. In the publication Síntese Económica de Conjuntura is released a core inflation indicator based on a different methodological approach (factorial analysis) and, for this reason, it is possible that differences between the values shown by the two measures exist.

Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices

The Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP) is compiled in each member state of the European Union for the purposes of inflation comparisons across EU countries, as required by the Treaty on European Union1. This index plays an important role as a guideline for the achievement of the European System of Central Banks primary objective: price stability. In 1998, the European Central Bank adopted the HICP as "the most appropriate price measure" for its definition of price stability in the Euro area 2.

¹ Article 109j and protocol on the convergence criteria referred to in that article.

² "A stability oriented monetary policy strategy for the ESCB". ECB press notice released on 13 October 1998.





PRESS RELEASE

Annexes:

CPI rate of change (index division and all items CPI)

mexes.		Index divisions ⁽¹⁾													
	01	02	03	04	0 5	06	07	0 8	09	10	11	12			
							nual average								
2005	-0 .6	4.8	-1.1	4 .4	1.3	0.9	5.8	-0.2	1.6	7.0	2.4	2.2	2.3		
2006	2.7	9.7	0.5	3.9	1.0	1.5	5.5	-0.9	1.2	5.2	2.3	3.3	3.1		
2007	2.4	4.9	2.2	3.6	1.6	7.4	1.6	-1.8	0.3	3.7	2.6	2.4	2.5		
	Annual rate														
2006 July	3.1	9.3	-2.7	3.8	1.2	0.7	6.1	-0.9	1.6	5.7	2.2	3.5	3.0		
August	3.2	9.5	-3.0	3.8	0.9	1.2	5.2	-0.9	1.0	5.7	1.7	3.3	2.9		
September	3.1	9.3	8.9	3 .7	0.9	1.4	2.5	-1.0	0.7	5.9	2.3	3.7	3.0		
October	3 .6	9.3	6.4	3.3	0.9	2.7	8.0	-1.0	0.4	4.0	2.5	3.9	2.7		
No vem be r	3.3	9.4	-0.6	3.2	0.9	4.3	1 .5	-1.0	0.2	4.0	2.6	3.7	2.4		
December	3.1	9.4	-0.9	3.2	8.0	5.5	2.2	-1.3	0.7	4.0	2.2	3.7	2.5		
2007 January	4.1	0.8	1.9	3.9	1.5	5.5	1.5	-1.3	0.6	4.0	2.3	3.3	2.6		
February	3.6	0.4	0.7	3.6	1.4	6.0	8.0	-1.1	1.8	3.9	2.5	3.2	2.4		
March	3.1	0.5	1.0	3.5	2.1	6.3	1.7	-1.8	0.1	3.5	2.4	3.1	2.3		
A pril	3.5	6.1	1.4	3.5	1.7	10.6	1.3	-2.2	0.1	3.5	2.5	2.9	2.7		
May	2.2	6.3	1.5	3.5	1.8	9.6	1.2	-2.0	0.2	3.5	2.5	2.5	2.4		
June	1.4	6.5	2.9	3.5	1.8	9.3	1.6	-1.9	-0.1	3.5	2.6	2.3	2.4		
July	1.8	6.3	4.8	3.8	1.5	8.9	0.7	-1.9	-0.2	3.4	2.6	2.2	2.4		
August	1.6	6.3	2.8	3.8	1.7	8.3	-0 .2	-2.0	0.0	3.4	2.8	2.3	2.1		
September	1.8	6.2	0.6	3.7	1.6	7.9	0.7	-2.0	0.3	2.9	2.8	1.7	2.1		
October	2.4	6.3	2.8	3.3	1.4	6.8	2.3	-1.9	0.3	4.5	2.5	1.8	2.6		
November	2.2	6.3	2.9	3.6	1.2	5.5	3.6	-1.9	0.7	4.4	2.5	2.6	2.8		
December	1.7	6.3	3.1	3.7	1.1	4.7	3.5	-1.6	0.4	4.4	2.8	1.8	2.7		
2008 January	2.0	6.5	3.1	3.9	1.2	5.2	3.4	-1.7	0.3	4.3	3.5	2.2	2.9		
February	2.3	9.4	3.1	3.8	1.4	4.3	2.9	-1.9	0.8	4.4	3.4	2.2	2.9		
March	3.6	12.1	2.3	4.0	1.4	4.3	2.3	-1.4	0.6	4.5	3.7	2.6	3.1		
April	3.0	6.5	2.0	4.4	1.7	-0.2	2.0	-0.8	0.0	4.4	3.4	2.4	2.5		
May	3.9	6.9	1.7	4.4	1.6	0.1	2.6	-0.9	0.0	4.4	3.5	2.3	2.8		
June	5.8	6.8	1.5	4.5	1.7	0.3	3.4	-0.9	0.3	4.4	3.7	2.4	3.4		
July	5.7	7.1	-2.1	3.5	1.8	0.5	3.6	-3.2	0.3	4.5	3.6	2.6	3.1		
Symbols:	f estimated		Po provision			x not availa		-		-		-			

Notes: (1) The names of the divisions are given in the explanatory notes.

Source: INE - Portugal

Consumer Price Index – July 2008





HICP rate of change (international comparison)(1)

	EA-15 ⁽²⁾	EICP ⁽³⁾	ВЕ	BG	cz	DK	DE	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV	LT	LU	HU	мт	NL	АТ	PL	РТ	RO	SI	sĸ	FI	SE	UF
														Annua	l avera	ge rate													
2005	2,2	2,2	2.5	6,0	1.6	1.7	1.9	4.1	3.5	3.4	1.9	2.2	2.2	2.0	6.9	2.7	3.8	3.5	2.5	1.5	2.1	2.2	2.1	9.1	2.5	2.8	0.8	0.8	2
2006	2,2	2,2		7.4	2.1	1.9		4.4	3.3	3.6	1.9	2.7		2.2			3.0	4.0	2.6		1.7	1.3	3.0	6.6	2.5			1.5	
2007	2 ,1	2,3		7.6	3.0	1.7		6.7	3.0		1.6	2.9			10.1				0.7		2,2	2.6	2.4	4.9	3 .8	1.9		1.7	
														An	ın ual ra	ate													
2006 July	2.4	2.4	2.4	7.8	2.4	2.0	2.1	4.5	3.9	4.0	2.2	2.9	2.3	2.8	6.9	4.4	3.4	3.2	3.6	1.7	2.0	1.4	3.0	6.2	1.9	5.0	1.4	1.8	2
August	2.3	2.3	2.3	7.0	2.6	1.9	1.8	5.0	3.4	3.8	2 .1	3.2	2.3	2 .7	6.8	4.3	3.1	4.7	3.0	1.9	2.1	1.7	2.7	6.1	3.1	5.0	1.3	1.6	2
Sep tem ber	1.7	1.9	1.9	5.4	2.2	1.5	1.0	3.8	3.1	2.9	1.5	2.2	2.4	2.2	5.9	3.3	2.0	5.9	3.1	1.5	1.3	1.4	3.0	5.5	2.5	4.5	8.0	1.2	2
October	1.6	1.8	1.7	5.2	0.8	1.4	1.1	3.8	3.1	2.6	1.2	2.2	1.9	1.7	5.6	3.7	0.6	6.3	1.7	1.3	1.3	1.1	2.6	4.8	1.5	3.1	0.9	1.2	2
November	1.9	2.1	2.0	5.9	1.0	1.8	1.5	4.7	3.2	2.7	1.6	2.4	2.0	1.3	6.3	4.4	1.8	6.4	0.9	1.6	1.6	1.3	2.4	4.7	2 .4	3.7	1.3	1.5	2
December	1.9	2.2	2.1	6.1	1.5	1.7	1.4	5.1	3.2	2 .7	1 .7	3.0	2.1	1 .5	6.8	4.5	2.3	6.6	8.0	1.7	1.6	1.4	2.5	4.9	3 .0	3.7	1.2	1.4	3
007 January	1.8	2.1	1.7	6.8	1.4	1.8	1.8	5.0	3.0	2.4	1.4	2.9	1.9	1.4	7.1	4.0	2.3	8.4	1.2	1.2	1.7	1.6	2.6	4.1	2.8	2.2	1.3	1.6	. 2
February	1.8	2.1	1.8	4.6	1.7	1.9	1.9	4.6	3.0	2.5	1.2	2.6	2.1	1.2	7.2	4.4	1.8	9.0	0.8	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.3	3.9	2.3	2.0	1.2	1.7	2
March	1.9	2.3	1.8	4.4	2.1	1.9	2.0	5.6	2.8	2.5	1.2	2.9	2.1	1.4	8.5	4.8	2.4	9.0	0.5	1.9	1.9	2.4	2.4	3.7	2.6	2.1	1.6	1.6	3
April	1.9	2.2	1.8	4.4	2.7	1.7	2.0	5.6	2.6	2.5	1.3	2.9	1.8	1.6	8.8	4.9	2.5	8.7	-1 .1	1.9	1.8	2.2	2.8	3.8	2.9	2.0	1.5	1.6	2
May	1.9	2.1	1.3	4.5	2.4	1.7	2.0	5.9	2.6	2.4	1.2	2.7	1.9	1.9	7.8	5.0	2.3	8.4	-1.0	2.0	1.9	2.3	2.4	3.9	3.1	1.5	1.3	1.2	2
June	1.9	2.1	1.3	5.3	2.6	1.3	2.0	6.0	2.6	2.5	1.3	2.8	1.9	1.7	8.9	5.0	2.3	8.5	-0 .6	1.8	1.9	2.6	2.4	3.9	3.8	1.5	1.4	1.3	2
Ju ly	1.8	2.0	1.3	6.8	2.5	1.1	2.0	6.5	2.7	2.3	1.2	2.7	1.7	2.3	9.5	5.1	2.0	8.3	-0 .2	1.4	2.0	2.5	2.3	4.1	4 .0	1.2	1.6	1.4	1
August	1.7	1.9	1.2	9.3	2.6	0.9	2.0	6.1	2.7	2.2	1.3	2.3	1.7	2.2	10.2	2 5.6	1.9	7.1	0.6	1.1	1.7	2.1	1.9	5.0	3 .4	1.2	1.3	1.2	1
Sep tem ber	2.1	2.2	1.4		2.8	1.2	2.7	7.5	2.9	2.7	1.6	2.9	1.7	2.3	11.5	7.1	2.5	6.4	0.9	1.3	2.1	2.7	2.0	6.1	3.6	1.7		1.6	1
October	2.6	2.7	2.2		4.0	1.8		8.7			2.1					7.6		6.9	1.6		2.9	3.1	2.5	6.9	5 . 1			1.9	
November	3 .1	3.1		11.4	5.1	2.5		9.3								7 7.9		7.2	2.9	1.8	3.2	3.7	2.8	6.8	5.7	2.3		2.4	
December	3 .1	3.2	3.1	11.6	5.5	2.4	3.1	9.7	3.9	4.3	2 .8	3.2	2.8	3 .7	14.0	8.2	4.3	7.4	3.1	1.6	3.5	4.2	2.7	6.7	5 .7	2.5	1.9	2.5	2
008 January	3.2	3.4	3.5	11.7	7.9	3.0	2.9	11.3	3.9	4.4	3.2	3.1	3.1	4 .1	15.6	3 10.0	4.2	7.4	3.8	1.8	3.1	4.4	2.9	7.3	6.4	3.2	3.5	3.0	2
February	3.3	3.5	3.6	12.2	7.6	3.3	3.0	11.5	4.5	4.4	3.2	3.5	3.1	4 .7	16.5	10.9	4.2	6.7	4.0	2.0	3.1	4.6	2.9	8.0	6.4	3.4	3.3	2.9	:
March	3.6	3.8	4.4	13.2	7.1	3.3	3.3	11.2	4.4	4.6	3 .5	3.7	3.6	4 .4	16.6	3 11.4	4.4	6.7	4.3	1.9	3.5	4.4	3.1	8.7	6.6	3.6	3.6	3.2	. :
April	3.3	3.6	4.1	13.4	6.7	3.4			4.4	4.2		3.3	3.6			11.9		6.8		1.7	3 .4	4.3	2.5	8.7	6.2		3.3	3.2	
May	3.7	4.0 Rc		14.0	6.8	3.6		11.4		4 .7	3 .7	3.7	3.7	4 .6		12.3		6.9	4.1		3.7 R		2.8	8.5	6.2			3.9	
June	4.0 Po	4.3 Po	5.8	14.7	6.6	4.2	3.4	11.5	4.9	5.1	4 .0	3.9	4.0	5 .2	17.5	12.7	5.3	6.6	4.4	2.3 Po	4.0 Pc	4.3	3.4	8.7	6.8	4.3	4.3	4.1	3
Ju ly	4.1 f	Х	Х	х	х	х	Х	х	Х	х	x	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	X	Х	х	3.1	x	х	х	х	Х	

Symbols: f estimated Po provisional Rc revised x not available

(1) From January 2006 onwards: base 100=2005; index rates of change calculated based on indexes rounded up to two decimal places.

(2) Member States belonging to the Euro Area: EA-13 until December 2007, EA-15 from January 2008 (including Malta and Cyprus).

(3) European Index of Consumer Prices: EU-15 until April 2004, EU-25 until December 2006 and EU-27 onwards.

Source: INE-Portugal and Eurostat.

Code abbreviations of the Member States:

Belgium **EE** Estonia **HU** Hungary PT Portugal se Sweden IT Italy EL Greece CY Cyprus RO Romania UK United Kingdom Bulgaria MT Malta Czech Republic ES Spain LV Latvia NL Netherlands SI Slove nia Denmark FR France LT Lithuania AT Austria SK Slovakia **DE** Germany IE Ireland LU Luxembourg PL Poland FI Finland