



February 10, 2016

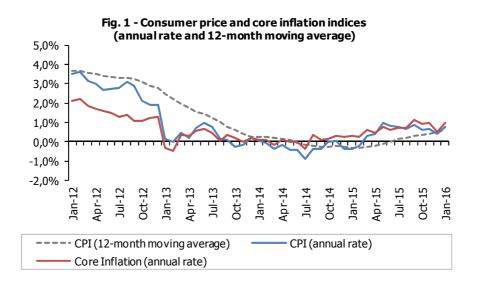
Consumer Prices Index January 2016

CPI annual rate of change was 0.8% in January

The CPI annual rate was 0.8% in January 2016, 0.4 p.p. above the previous month. The annual core inflation rate, which excludes energy and unprocessed food products components, was 1.0% (0.5% in December).

The CPI monthly rate was -1.0% (-0.3% in December and -1.4% in January 2015), while the CPI 12-month average was 0.6%.

In January 2016, the Portuguese Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP) annual rate of change was 0.7% (0.3% in the previous month), 0.3 p.p. above the rate estimated by Eurostat for the Euro area (in December this difference was 0.1 p.p.).



In January 2016, the annual inflation rate measured by the CPI was 0.8%, 0.4 p.p. above the previous month rate (see Fig. 1).

The annual core inflation rate, which excludes energy and unprocessed food products components, was 1.0% (0.5% in the previous month). The unprocessed food aggregate recorded an annual increase of 1.0% in January (0.9% in December) while energy presented a less negative rate of change (from -1.5% in December to -1.3% in January).

The largest upward pressure on the overall annual rate of change came from increases in the prices of *Communication, Alcoholic beverages and tobacco* and *Miscellaneous goods and services* while a slight downward pressure came from changes in the prices of *Transport*.

In January, the CPI monthly rate was -1.0% (-0.3% in December and -1.4% in January 2015). The main downward contribution to this result came from changes in the prices of *Clothing and footwear*. On the opposite side, increases were observed in the prices of *Food and non-alcoholic beverages*.

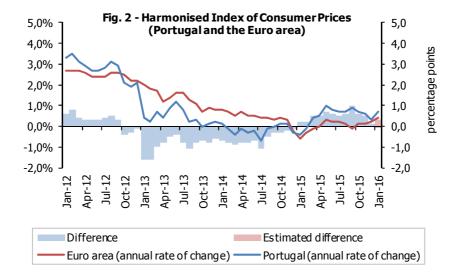


The CPI 12-month average rate stood at 0.6% in January, 0.5% in the previous month.

In January 2016, the HICP annual rate was 0.7% (0.3% in the previous month) while the HICP monthly rate was -1.1% (-1.5% in January 2015).

In December, the annual rate of change of the Portuguese HICP was 0.1 p.p. higher than the annual rate of change of the Euro area. That difference is estimated to increase to 0.3 p.p. in January 2016.

The HICP 12-month average rate was 0.6% in January (0.5% in December).



Housing Rents

In January the monthly rate of change of the average value of rents by net area for the whole country was 0.3% (-0.1% in the previous month).

The main increase was recorded in the Algarve region (0.9%). The main decrease was observed in the Alentejo region, where the value of rents by net area decreased by 0.5%.

The annual change rate of the housing rents for the whole country was 0.2% in January (0.9% in December). The main increase was observed in the Açores region (3.7%), while the Alentejo region recorded the main decrease (-3.7%).







Consumer Price Index 2016 - changes due to the annual chaining of the index

With the publication of the Consumer Price Index (CPI) in January of each year, the expenditure structure and the goods and services included in the basket are updated benefiting from the chaining process.

The weighting structure for the 2016 CPI is based on the households' final monetary consumption expenditure of final 2013 and preliminary 2014 Portuguese National Accounts data at three-digit level of the Classification of Individual Consumption by Purpose (COICOP). These results are valued to December prices of the previous year.

This complies with the regulations of the European Commission and Eurostat recommendations for the compilation of the Harmonized Index of Consumer Prices, aiming to ensure the highest quality of the information and the comparability among Member States.

Using information from National Accounts as the primary source ensures the appropriate update of the weights at the aggregated level on an annual basis, reflecting not only price changes but also changes in quantities of goods and services purchased by households. Information from National Accounts, which reflects the integration of several sources, including the Household Budget Survey (HBS), ensures a high degree of consistency with other fundamental variables for economic analysis. National Accounts are compiled using supply and use tables, matching available resources of each product (domestic production and imports) and the respective uses (exports and domestic spending) at a relatively detailed level.

Even though, as the number of products included in the CPI is more detailed than that provided by National Accounts, for more disaggregated levels of expenditure information from the HBS and the Census supplemented by other administrative sources is used, as well as from other surveys conducted by Statistics Portugal. This information is also used for updating the goods and services included in the CPI.

With the access to more detailed and updated information, notably coming from administrative sources, changes in the weighting structure and / or samples were also introduced for cigarettes, electricity, natural gas, pharmaceutical products, new cars, highway tolls, airline tickets, telecommunications services, newspapers and periodicals, football, betting and gambling, insurance and financial services.

The following table presents the CPI weights for 2015 and 2016.

COI	COP¹ divisions	2015 weights	2016 weights
01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	215.7	207.9
02	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	41.4	40.2
03	Clothing and footwear	70.9	69.0
04	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	96.5	102.7
05	Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance of the house	65.0	62.4
06	Health	61.0	63.4
07	Transport	134.3	139.6
08	Communication	36.9	36.8
09	Recreation and culture	76.9	72.2
10	Education	17.8	16.7
11	Restaurants and hotels	82.7	85.5
12	Miscellaneous goods and services	100.9	103.6
00	All items	1000	1000

¹ COICOP – Classification Of Individual Consumption by Purpose







Consumer Price Index

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) measures the change over time of the prices of a certain basket of goods and services bought by a "typical" consumer. The CPI has been designed to capture price changes and not to measure price levels.

The CPI is updated every year with the most recent information on prices and quantities. The 2016 CPI weighting structure and the sample of goods and services included in the basket are a result of the combination of three fundamental sources of information: results of the Portuguese National Accounts complemented with the Household Budget Survey and the Census for more detailed levels of expenditure. Administrative data is also used.

The CPI is compiled through the aggregation of seven regional price indexes and the goods and services included in the index are grouped according to the COICOP classification.

Table 1: CPI - COICOP1 Divisions

Food and non-alcoholic beverages	07	Transports
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	80	Communications
Clothing and footwear	09	Recreation and culture
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	10	Education
Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance of the house	11	Restaurants and hotels
Health	12	Miscellaneous goods and services
	Clothing and footwear Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance of the house	Clothing and footwear 09 Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels 10 Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance of the house 11

¹COICOP: Classification Of Individual Consumption by Purpose

Monthly rate

The monthly rate is the change in the index of a certain month compared with the index of the previous month expressed as a percentage. Although up-to-date, this measure can be affected by seasonal and other effects.

Annual rate

The annual rate is the change in the index of a certain month compared with the index of the same month in the previous year expressed as a percentage. In the presence of a stable seasonal pattern, seasonal effects do not influence this measure.

12-month average rate

The 12-month average rate is the change in the average index of one year compared with the average index of the previous year expressed as a percentage. This moving average is less sensitive to transient changes in prices.

Core inflation index (all items CPI excluding unprocessed food and energy products)

The core inflation index is compiled by excluding the prices of unprocessed food and energy products from the all items CPI. The primary objective of this index is to capture the underlying inflation pressures in the economy.

Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices

The Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP) is compiled in each member state of the European Union for the purposes of inflation comparisons across EU countries, as required by the Treaty on European Union¹. This index plays an important role as a guideline for the achievement of the European System of Central Banks primary objective: price stability. In 1998, the European Central Bank adopted the HICP as "the most appropriate price measure" for its definition of price stability in the Euro area².

With the release of the January 2016 HICP, the index reference period changes to 2015 = 100, in line with the procedure adopted at European level: Council Regulation (EU) 2015/2010 of the Commission of 11 November 2015, as regards the common index reference period for the harmonised index of consumer prices. The new regulation is based on the need to "ensure the comparability and relevance of the HICP" as a result of "changes to the sub-index classification of the HICP and the alignment of sub-indices that have been linked to the HICP after the introduction of 2005 = 100". The historical information available on the previous base (2005 = 100) is thus replaced. More detailed information on the new reporting period can be found at http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/hicp/methodology/reference-year-2015.

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¹ Article 109j and protocol on the convergence criteria referred to in that article.

² A stability oriented monetary policy strategy for the ESCB". ECB press notice released on 13 October 1998.







The HICP is produced in each Member State following a harmonized methodology developed by experts in the field of price statistics, under the "Price Statistics Working Group" and related Task Forces. From the methodological point of view, there are no major differences between the HICP and CPI. However, the different scope of coverage leads to differences in the weighting structure, mainly in Restaurants and hotels. This is mostly an effect of the inclusion of non-residents expenditure ("tourists") in the HICP and the corresponding exclusion from the CPI.

Additional information on the methodology of the HICP is available at http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/hicp.

Table 2: CPI and HICP 2016 weighting structure

COIC	COP ¹ divisions	CPI	HICP
01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	207,9	200,2
02	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	40,2	39,4
03	Clothing and footwear	69,0	70,1
04	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	102,7	97,0
05	Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance of the house	62,4	60,9
06	Health	63,4	60,8
07	Transport	139,6	137,9
80	Communication	36,8	34,7
09	Recreation and culture	72,2	61,0
10	Education	16,7	15,7
11	Restaurants and hotels	85,5	123,7
12	Miscellaneous goods and services	103,6	98,5
00	All items	1000	1000^{2}

¹ COICOP: Classification Of Individual Consumption by Purpose.

Presentation of data and rounding rules

Since the release of the January 2013 CPI indices are published with base 100 in the year 2012.

Due to rounding procedures, those indices may not reproduce exactly the published rates of change. However, it should be noted that the published rates prevail.

In this press release the descriptive analysis is based on rounded values to one decimal.

Next press release

The February 2016 CPI/HICP will be released on March 10th 2016.

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²Due to rounding, the sum of the parts may not add exactly to 1000.





Annex:

CPI rate of change (index division and all items CPI)

		Index divisions ⁽¹⁾													
	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12			
	Annual average rate														
2013	1.94	4.05	-3.31	2.15	-0.51	1.49	-2.32	0.45	0.41	1.18	1.65	-0.61	0.27		
2014	-1.34	3.09	-2.11	2.22	-0.38	0.66	-1.20	1.10	-1.49	0.43	0.97	-0.46	-0.2		
2015	1.01	4.09	-2.02	0.23	0.67	0.41	-0.99	4.12	-0.63	0.65	1.31	0.42	0.49		
							Annual ra								
2014 January	0.20	4.26	-2.63	2.15	-1.18	1.37	-1.38	3.39	-1.40	0.29	0.61	-0.44	0.06		
February	-0.05	3.71	-2.26	2.27	-1.00	1.01	-1.89	2.45	-0.95	0.36	0.63	-0.39	-0.08		
March	-0.42	2.22	-1.02	2.10	-0.92	0.78	-3.08	1.98	-1.48	0.40	0.17	-0.43	-0.3		
April	-0.93	2.36	-1.82	2.10	-0.91	0.16	0.26	1.61	-1.33	0.46	0.13	-0.70	-0.14		
May	-2.33	2.14	-1.65	2.15	-0.83	0.29	-0.52	1.58	-1.18	0.41	0.65	-0.72	-0.4		
June	-2.53	2.88	-1.45	2.32	-1.00	0.74	0.15	0.36	-1.80	0.40	0.62	-0.63	-0.4		
July	-3.05	3.11	-7.45	2.15	-0.77	0.81	0.09	0.37	-1.94	0.36	0.84	0.22	-0.8		
August	-3.17	3.38	-0.67	2.18	-0.34	0.71	0.58	0.39	-0.99	0.37	1.28	-0.24	-0.3		
September	-2.19	3.70	-0.98	2.34	-0.60	0.81	-1.09	-0.14	-2.41	0.37	1.94	-0.63	-0.3		
October	-0.63	3.17	-2.20	2.62	0.72	0.39	-1.39	0.68	-1.46	0.57	1.63	-0.70	0.00		
November	-0.53	3.13	-1.63	2.40	1.15	0.46	-1.84	0.27	-1.72	0.57	1.44	-0.42	0.02		
December	-0.38	3.09	-1.84	1.92	1.12	0.32	-4.38	0.28	-1.24	0.60	1.64	-0.48	-0.3		
2015 January	-0.13	3.09	-1.48	1.05	0.99	0.34	-4.21	1.19	-1.32	0.60	1.34	-0.55	-0.39		
February	0.01	3.19	-1.84	0.20	0.84	0.65	-2.78	2.80	-1.52	0.60	1.78	-0.85	-0.2		
March	0.29	2.60	-1.99	0.32	0.76	0.59	-0.26	3.63	-0.93	0.54	1.98	-0.61	0.31		
April	1.18	4.04	-2.44	0.50	0.64	0.50	-1.40	3.55	-1.40	0.49	1.89	-0.02	0.40		
May	2.07	5.07	-2.54	0.48	0.60	0.56	1.04	3.58	-0.82	0.50	1.57	-0.02	0.95		
June	1.95	4.91	-3.44	0.62	0.78	0.49	-0.20	4.90	-0.53	0.51	1.54	0.02	0.80		
July	1.53	4.97	-2.86	0.24	1.15	0.34	-0.42	4.98	-0.48	0.59	1.43	0.41	0.77		
August	1.71	4.36	-2.65	0.05	1.14	0.47	-1.83	4.96	-0.42	0.58	1.51	1.08	0.66		
September	1.98	4.28	-0.23	-0.22	1.19	0.29	-1.11	5.53	-0.54	0.59	1.03	1.02	0.88		
October	1.27	3.89	-0.90	-0.32	-0.10	0.19	-0.85	4.77	-0.54	0.93	0.95	1.60	0.63		
November	0.36	4.31	-1.68	-0.16	-0.01	0.18	0.36	4.73	0.81	0.95	0.51	1.69	0.64		
December	0.00	4.32	-2.28	0.04	0.05	0.28	-0.09	4.93	0.21	0.93	0.23	1.33	0.40		
2016 January	0.21	4.37	0.16	-0.07	0.77	-0.01	0.04	5.31	0.98	0.91	0.60	1.60	0.78		
Symbols:	f estimated		Po provisio	onal		x not avai	lable								
Note:	(1) The name	s of the di	ivisions are giv	en in the ex	planatory no	tes.									
Source:	INE - Portuga	ı													

Consumer Price Index – January 2016





FI Finland

SE Sweden

UK United Kingdom

HICP rate of change (international comparison)(1)

	19 ⁽²⁾	(3)	BE	BG	CZ	DK	DE	EE	EL	ES	FR	HR	IE	П	CY	LV	LT	LU	HU	МТ	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	
														Α	nnual av	erage ra	te													
13	1.4	1.5	1.2	0.4	1.4	0.5	1.6	3.2	-0.9	1.5	1.0	2.3	0.5	1.3	0.4	0.0	1.2	1.7	1.7	1.0	2.6	2.1	0.8	0.4	3.2	1.9	1.5	2.2	0.4	2
14	0.4	0.6	0.5	-1.6	0.4	0.3	0.8	0.5	-1.4	-0.2	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.2	-0.3	0.7	0.2	0.7	0.0	0.8	0.3	1.5	0.1	-0.2	1.4	0.4	-0.1	1.2	0.2	
15	0.0	0.0	0.6	-1.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	-1.1	-0.6	0.1	-0.3	0.0	0.1	-1.6	0.2	-0.7	0.1	0.1	1.2	0.2	8.0	-0.7	0.5	-0.4	-0.8	-0.3	-0.2	0.7	
															Annu	l rate														
L4 January	0.8	0.9	1.1	-1.4	0.3	0.8	1.2	1.6	-1.4	0.3	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.6	-1.6	0.5	0.2	1.5	0.8	0.9	0.8	1.5	0.6	0.1	1.2	0.9	0.0	1.9	0.2	
February	0.7	0.8	0.8 Rc	-2.1	0.3	0.3	1.0	1.1	-0.9	0.1	1.1	-0.2	0.1	0.4	-1.3	0.5	0.3	0.8	0.3	1.6	0.4	1.5	0.7	-0.1	1.3	0.2	-0.1	1.6	0.1	
March	0.5	0.6	0.8 Rc	-2.0	0.3	0.2	0.9	0.7	-1.5	-0.2	0.7	-0.1	0.3	0.3	-0.9	0.3	0.4	0.8	0.2	1.4	0.1	1.4	0.6	-0.4	1.3	0.6	-0.2	1.3	-0.4	
April	0.7	0.8	0.8 Rc	-1.3	0.2	0.5	1.1	0.8	-1.6	0.3	0.8	-0.1	0.4	0.5	-0.4	0.8	0.3	0.9	-0.2	0.5	0.6	1.6	0.3	-0.1	1.6	0.5	-0.2	1.3	0.3	
May	0.5	0.6	0.7 Rc	-1.8	0.5	0.3	0.6	0.6	-2.1	0.2	0.8	0.4	0.4	0.4	-0.1	0.8	0.1	1.4	0.0	0.4	0.1	1.5	0.3	-0.3	1.3	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.1	
June	0.5	0.7	0.6 Rc	-1.8	0.0	0.4	1.0	0.4	-1.5	0.0	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.8	0.3	1.2	-0.1	0.7	0.3	1.7	0.3	-0.2	0.9	1.0	-0.1	1.1	0.5	
July	0.4	0.5	0.5 Rc	-1.1	0.6	0.5	0.8	0.0	-0.8	-0.4	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.9	0.6	0.5	1.2	0.5	0.6	0.3	1.7	0.0	-0.7	1.5	0.3	-0.2	1.0	0.4	
August	0.4	0.5	0.4	-1.0	0.7	0.3	0.8	-0.2	-0.2	-0.5	0.5	0.3	0.6	-0.2	0.8	0.8	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.8	0.4	1.5	-0.1	-0.1	1.3	0.0	-0.2	1.2	0.2	
September	0.3	0.4	0.2	-1.4	0.8	0.3	0.8	0.2	-1.1	-0.3	0.4	0.2	0.5	-0.1	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.3	-0.5	0.6	0.2	1.4	-0.2	0.0	1.8	-0.1	-0.1	1.5	0.0	
October	0.4	0.5	0.3	-1.5	0.7	0.3	0.7	0.5	-1.8	-0.2	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.4	-0.3	0.7	0.4	1.4	-0.3	0.1	1.8	0.1	0.0	1.2	0.3	
November	0.3	0.3	0.1	-1.9	0.6	0.2	0.5	0.0	-1.2	-0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.9	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.6	0.3	1.5	-0.3	0.1	1.5	0.1	0.0	1.1	0.3	
December	-0.2	-0.1	-0.4	-2.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-2.5	-1.1	0.1	-0.1	-0.3	-0.1	-1.0	0.3	-0.1	-0.9	-0.8	0.4	-0.1	0.8	-0.6	-0.3	1.0	-0.1	-0.1	0.6	0.3	
15 January	-0.6	-0.5	-0.6	-2.4	-0.1	-0.3	-0.5	-0.5	-2.8	-1.5	-0.4	-0.6	-0.4	-0.5	-0.7	-0.3	-1.4	-1.1	-1.4	0.8	-0.7	0.5	-1.0	-0.4	0.5	-0.7	-0.5	-0.1	0.4	
February	-0.3	-0.3	-0.4	-1.7	-0.1	0.0	0.0	-0.2	-1.9	-1.2	-0.3	-0.4	-0.4	0.1	-0.8	0.0	-1.5	-0.3	-1.0	0.6	-0.5	0.5	-1.3	-0.1	0.4	-0.5	-0.6	-0.1	0.7	
March	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-1.1	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.0	-1.9	-0.8	0.0	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-1.4	0.5	-1.1	0.1	-0.5	0.5	-0.3	0.9	-1.2	0.4	0.8	-0.4	-0.4	0.0	0.7	
April	0.0	0.0	0.4	-0.9	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.4	-1.8	-0.7	0.1	-0.1	-0.4	-0.1	-1.7	0.6	-0.6	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.9	-0.9	0.5	0.6	-0.7	-0.1	-0.1	0.5	
May	0.3	0.3	0.8	-0.3	0.7	0.4	0.7	0.5	-1.4	-0.3	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.2	-1.7	1.2	-0.1	0.4	0.6	1.3	0.7	1.0	-0.6	1.0	1.3	-0.8	-0.1	0.1	0.9	
June	0.2	0.1	0.9	-0.6	0.9	0.4	0.1	0.3	-1.1	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.2	-2.1	0.7	-0.2	0.5	0.7	1.1	0.5	1.0	-0.6	0.8	-0.9	-0.9	-0.1	0.1	0.4	
July	0.2	0.2	0.9	-1.0	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.1	-1.3	0.0	0.2	-0.2	0.2	0.3	-2.4	-0.2	-0.2	0.2	0.5	1.2	0.8	1.1	-0.5	0.7	-1.4	-0.7	-0.2	-0.1	0.8	
August	0.1	0.0	0.8	-0.8	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	-0.4	-0.5	0.1	-0.1	0.2	0.4	-1.9	0.2	-1.0	0.1	0.1	1.4	0.4	0.9	-0.4	0.7	-1.7	-0.6	-0.2	-0.2	0.6	
September	-0.1	-0.1	0.9	-0.9	0.2	0.3	-0.2	-0.3	-0.8	-1.1	0.1	-0.5	0.0	0.2	-1.9	-0.4	-0.8	-0.2	-0.1	1.6	0.3	0.6	-0.6	0.9	-1.5	-1.0	-0.5	-0.7	0.9	
October	0.1 0.1 Rc	0.0	1.2 1.4	-1.2 -0.9	0.2	0.2 0.1	0.2	0.0 0.5	-0.1 -0.1	-0.9 -0.4	0.2 0.1	-0.5 -0.4	0.0 -0.1	0.3	-1.8 -1.5	-0.1 0.0	-0.4 -0.5	-0.1 0.4	0.2 0.6	1.6 1.3	0.4 0.4	0.7 0.5	-0.6 -0.5	0.7 0.6	-1.4 -0.9	-1.1 -0.9	-0.5 -0.4	-0.3 -0.2	0.9	
November December	0.1 KC	0.1 0.2 f	1.4	-0.9	-0.1	0.1	0.2	-0.2	0.4	-0.4	0.3	-0.4	0.2	0.2	-0.6	0.4	-0.3	0.9	1.0	1.2	0.5	1.1	-0.5	0.3	-0.9	-0.6	-0.4	-0.2	0.7	
l6 January	0.4 f	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	х	х	0.7	x	x	x	х	x	
Symbols:	f estima		Po provis		Rc revi		not avai		-				-								-									_
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(3) European Index of Consumer Prices: EU-15 until April 2004, EU-25 until December 2006, EU-27 until June 2013 and EU-28 onwards.

Source: INE-Portugal and Eurostat.

Code abbreviations of the Member States:

TT Italy BE Belgium EE Estonia HR Croatia PL Poland PT Portugal BG Bulgaria EL Greece CY Cyprus CZ Czech Republic ES Spain RO Romania LV Latvia FR France SI Slovenia DK Denmark LT Lithuania NL Netherlands DE Germany IE Ireland LU Luxembourg AT Austria 5K Slovakia

Consumer Price Index – January 2016