



August, 14th 2015

Labour Cost Index 2nd quarter of 2015

The Labour Cost Index increased by 1.2% from the same quarter in 2014

The Labour Cost Index working days adjusted increased by 1.2% in the 2nd quarter of 2015, compared with the same period in 2014. In the previous quarter, it was recorded an increase of 4.5%.

The two main labour cost items are wage costs and other costs (per hour actually worked). Wage costs increased by 1.5% from the same period a year earlier and other costs increased by 0.2%.

1. Labour Cost Index and respective items

The Labour Cost Index (LCI) recorded an increase of 1.2% in the 2nd quarter of 2015.¹

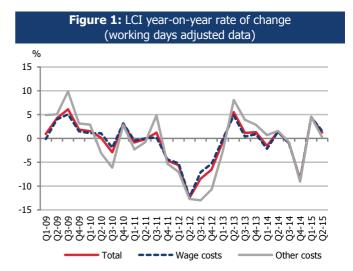
LCI is a short-term indicator of the evolution of labour costs per hour actually worked (hourly labour cost) incurred by the employer. These costs include, in addition to <u>wage costs</u>, <u>other labour costs</u> incurred by the employer (see the technical note on pages 7 and 8).

From yet another viewpoint, as it is an index calculated from a ratio of two items, i.e. average cost per employee and number of hours actually worked per employee (hereinafter referred to as <u>average labour costs</u> and <u>hours actually worked</u>), its evolution is determined by changes in each of these items.

This press release analyses LCI series broken down into several items, according to the two mentioned viewpoints: 1) wage costs (per hour actually worked)

versus other costs (non-wage costs, also per hour actually worked); 2) average labour costs *versus* hours actually worked.

Wage costs increased by 1.5% and other costs increased by 0.2% (Figure 1).



The change in the LCI also resulted from the combined effect of a 0.8% increase in the average labour costs and a decrease in the number of hours actually worked, of 0.3% (Figure 2).

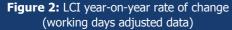
Labour Cost Index -2^{nd} quarter of 2015

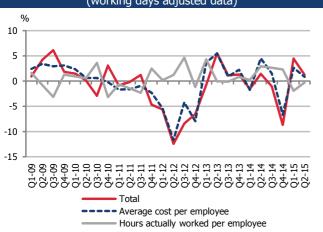
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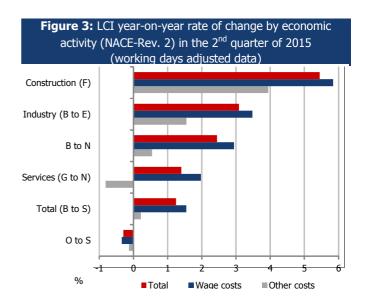
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¹ The data analysed in this Press Release are working days adjusted. The raw data are available in the annex tables and at the Official Statistics Portal. Unless otherwise stated, the rates of change mentioned in this Press Release are year-on-year rates of change (from the same quarter of the previous year).









2. Sectors of economic activity

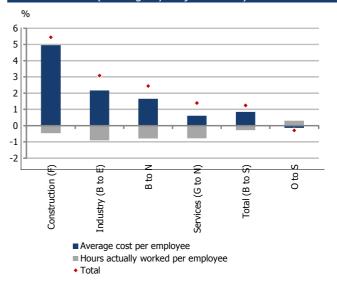
For the subgroup of economic activities from sections B to N^2 (which include, in general, the business economy or the private sector of the economy), the LCI increased by 2.4%.

For the subgroup composed by the remaining economic activities covered by the LCI (sections O to S), which include mostly, but not exclusively, the non-business economy or the public sector of the economy, it was recorded a decrease of 0.3%.

In activities from sections B to N:

- wage costs (per hour actually worked) increased by 2.9% (mainly due to increases in base wages and regular bonuses and allowances) and other costs increased by 0.5% (Figure 3);
- the increase in the LCI (of 2.4%) resulted also from an increase in the average labour costs (1.6%) and a decrease in the number of hours actually worked (0.8%) (Figure 4).

Figure 4: LCI year-on-year rate of change by economic activity (NACE-Rev. 2) in the 2nd quarter of 2015 (working days adjusted data)



In activities from sections O to S:

- wage costs decreased by 0.3% and other costs decreased by 0.1%;
- the decrease in the LCI (of 0.3%) resulted also from a decrease in the average labour costs (0.1%) and an increase in the number of hours actually worked (0.3%).

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² The activities' designation is available in the annex tables.





Among the activities from sections B to N, the LCI increased by 3.1% in industry (sections B to E), 5.1% in construction (section F), and 1.4% in services (G to N).

In industry:

- wage costs increased by 3.5% and other costs increased by 1.5%;
- the increase in the LCI (of 3.1%) resulted also from an increase in the average labour costs (2.2%) and a decrease in the number of hours actually worked (0.9%).

In construction:

- wage costs increased by 5.6% and other costs increased by 3.2%;
- the increase in the LCI (of 5.1%) resulted also from an increase in the average labour costs (4.7%) and a decrease in the number of hours actually worked (0.4%).

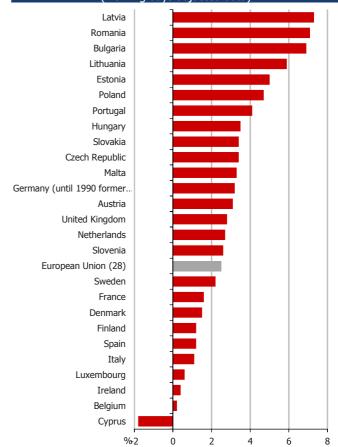
In services:

- wage costs increased by 2.0% and other costs decreased by 0.8% (due to the reduction of severance payments);
- the increase in the LCI (of 1.4%) resulted also from an increase in the average labour costs (0.6%) and a decrease in the number of hours actually worked (0.8%).

3. Comparison with the European Union

Figure 5 shows the rates of change of the LCI, by country, for the last quarter available (1st quarter of 2015), as published by Eurostat in the 18th of June of 2015.

Figure 5: LCI year-on-year rate of change by European Union Country (28) in the 1st quarter of 2015 (working days adjusted data)



The LCI rate of change for the European Union (28 countries) was 2.5%, in the 1st quarter of 2015.

In sixteen countries, the LCI rates of increase were larger than the European Union average, with Latvia recording the largest one (7.3%).

In nine countries, the LCI rates of increase were smaller than the European Union average, whose values ranged from 0.2% (Belgium) to 2.2% (Sweden).

Portugal³ registered an increase of 4.1%.

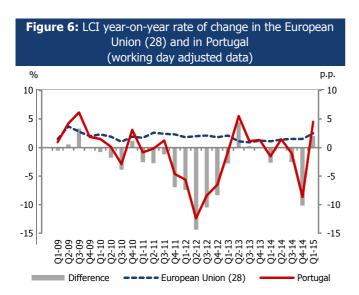
Cyprus recorded a decrease of 1.8%.

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³The rate of change for Portugal was now revised into 4.5% (as described in the technical note, page 8).



Figure 6 shows the developments in the LCI rates of change in Portugal and in the European Union, from the 1st quarter of 2009 to the 1st quarter of 2015.



Its analysis shows that the LCI in Portugal recorded globally lower changes than those observed, on average, for the European Union (28 countries) since the 1st quarter of 2010. In the 1st quarter of 2015 LCI presented an increase, unlike what succeed in the 3rd and 4th quarters of 2014 (when it had registered decreases of 1.0% and 8.7%, respectively).



Table 1: Labour Cost Index (LCI) year-on-year rate of change by component and economic activity (NACE-Rev. 2) (working days adjusted data)

Unit: %

Economic activity (sections from Nace-Rev. 2)		Q2-2014			Q3-2014			Q4-2014			Q1-2015			Q2-2015		
	Total	Wage costs	Other costs													
Total (B to S)	1.4	1.4	1.6	-1.0	-1.1	-0.8	-8.7	-8.6	-9.0	4.5	4.5	4.5	1.2	1.5	0.2	
B to N	-1.7	-1.4	-2.5	-1.6	-1.4	-2.6	-3.4	-3.6	-2.6	4.5	4.9	3.0	2.4	2.9	0.5	
Industry (B to E)	-1.7	-1.6	-1.9	-0.3	-0.1	-1.3	-4.5	-4.8	-3.4	5.1	5.6	3.4	3.1	3.5	1.5	
Construction (F)	-4.0	-3.2	-7.2	-6.1	-5.4	-8.6	-6.1	-6.3	-5.3	5.3	5.7	3.8	5.1	5.6	3.2	
Services (G to N)	-1.1	-0.9	-1.8	-1.4	-1.3	-1.9	-2.1	-2.2	-1.5	3.9	4.3	2.6	1.4	2.0	-0.8	
O to S	5.7	5.5	6.3	-0.3	-0.7	1.0	-15.9	-15.8	-16.3	4.5	3.8	6.4	-0.3	-0.3	-0.1	

Table 2: Labour Cost Index (LCI) year-on-year rate of change by component and economic activity (NACE-Rev. 2) (non working days adjusted data)

Unit: 0

Economic activity (sections from Nace-Rev. 2)	Q2-2014			Q3-2014			Q4-2014			Q1-2015			Q2-2015		
	Total	Wage costs	Other costs												
Total (B to S)	3.1	3.1	3.2	-1.0	-1.1	-0.8	-7.2	-7.1	-7.6	4.5	4.5	4.5	-0.4	-0.1	-1.4
B to N	-0.1	0.2	-0.9	-1.6	-1.4	-2.6	-1.9	-2.1	-1.1	4.5	4.9	3.0	0.8	1.3	-1.2
Industry (B to E)	-0.1	0.0	-0.3	-0.3	-0.1	-1.3	-3.0	-3.3	-1.9	5.1	5.6	3.4	1.4	1.8	-0.1
Construction (F)	-2.5	-1.6	-5.7	-6.1	-5.4	-8.6	-4.6	-4.8	-3.8	5.3	5.7	3.8	3.4	3.9	1.6
Services (G to N)	0.5	0.7	-0.2	-1.4	-1.3	-1.9	-0.5	-0.7	0.0	3.9	4.3	2.6	-0.2	0.3	-2.4
O to S	7.5	7.3	8.0	-0.3	-0.7	1.0	-14.6	-14.5	-15.0	4.5	3.8	6.4	-1.9	-2.0	-1.7

Source: INE, Labour Cost Index - 2nd quarter of 2015.

Sections from Nace-Rev. 2

- B Mining and quarrying
- C Manufacturing
- D Electricity, gas, steam and air conditions supply
- E Water supply, sewerage,
- F Construction
- G Wholesale and retail trade;
- H Transport and storage
- I Accomodation and food service activities
- J Information and communication

- K Financial and insurance activities
- L Real estate activities
- M Professional, scientific and technical activities
- N Administrative and support service activities
- O Public administration, defence, and compulsory social security
- P Education
- Q Human health and social work activities
- R Arts, entertainment and recreation
- S Other service activities



Table 3: Labour Cost Index (LCI) year-on-year rate of change by source of variation and economic activity (NACE-Rev. 2) (working days adjusted data)

Unit: %

-0.1

		Q2-20:	14	Q3-2014			Q4-2014			Q1-2015			Q2-2015		
Economic activity (sections from Nace-Rev. 2)	Total	Average cost per employee	Hours actually worked per employee	Total	Average cost per employee	Hours actually worked per employee	Total	Average cost per employee	Hours actually worked per employee	Total	Average cost per employee	Hours actually worked per employee	Total	Average cost per employee	Hours actually worked per employee
Total (B to S)	1.4	4.5	2.9	-1.0	1.5	2.7	-8.7	-6.7	2.3	4.5	2.6	-1.9	1.2	0.8	-0.3
B to N	-1.7	0.6	2.4	-1.6	-0.2	1.4	-3.4	-0.4	3.1	4.5	2.5	-2.0	2.4	1.6	-0.8
Industry (B to E)	-1.7	1.6	3.4	-0.3	1.8	2.1	-4.5	-0.4	4.3	5.1	2.8	-2.2	3.1	2.2	-0.9
Construction (F)	-4.0	-1.3	2.9	-6.1	-3.5	2.8	-6.1	-0.9	5.5	5.3	5.3	0.0	5.1	4.7	-0.4
Services (G to N)	-1.1	0.5	1.7	-1.4	-0.8	0.7	-2.1	-0.3	1.9	3.9	1.6	-2.2	1.4	0.6	-0.8
O to S	5.7	9.6	3.6	-0.3	3.9	4.4	-15.9	-14.9	1.4	4.5	2.9	-1.8	-0.3	-0.1	0.3

Table 4: Labour Cost Index (LCI) year-on-year rate of change by source of variation and economic activity (NACE-Rev. 2) (non working days adjusted data)

Unit: % Q2-2014 Q3-2014 01-2015 Q2-2015 Q4-2014 **Economic activity** Average Hours actually Average Hours actually Average **Hours actually** Average Hours actually Hours actually Average (sections from Nace-Rev. 2) Total worked per Total worked per worked per Total cost per cost per Total cost per cost per worked per Total cost per worked per employee Total (B to S) 3.1 4.5 1.3 -1.0 1.5 2.7 -7.2 -6.7 0.7 4.5 2.6 -1.9 -0.4 0.8 1.4 B to N 0.6 0.7 -1.6 -0.2 1.4 -1.9 -0.4 1.6 4.5 2.5 -2.0 0.8 1.6 0.8 Industry (B to E) -0.1 1.6 1.7 -0.3 1.8 2.1 -3.0 -0.4 2.7 5.1 2.8 -2.2 1.4 2.2 0.7 Construction (F) -2.5 5.3 4.7 1.3 -1.3 1.2 -6.1 -3.5 2.8 -4.6 -0.9 3.9 5.3 0.0 3.4 Services (G to N) 0.5 0.5 0.0 -1.4 -0.8 0.7 -0.5 -0.3 0.3 3.9 1.6 -2.2 -0.2 0.6 0.8

4.4 -14.6

-14.9

Source: INE, Labour Cost Index - 2nd guarter of 2015.

7.5

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Sections from Nace-Rev. 2

- B Mining and guarrying
- C Manufacturing

O to S

- D Electricity, gas, steam and air conditions supply
- E Water supply, sewerage,
- F Construction
- G Wholesale and retail trade;
- H Transport and storage
- I Accomodation and food service activities
- J Information and communication

K - Financial and insurance activities

3.9

- L Real estate activities
- M Professional, scientific and technical activities
- N Administrative and support service activities
- O Public administration, defence, and compulsory social security
- P Education
- O Human health and social work activities
- R Arts, entertainment and recreation
- S Other service activities

2.0

1.9

-0.3

4.5

-0.2

2.9

-1.8

-1.9



TECHNICAL NOTE

The Labour Cost Index (LCI) is a short-term indicator that measures quarterly developments in labour costs per hour actually worked (hourly average cost) incurred by the employer. The index is calculated by dividing the average cost per employee by the number of hours actually worked per employee. For this reason, the evolution of these two variables (labour costs and hours worked) contributed to explaining their developments.

Labour costs incurred by the employer include the following:

Wage costs:

- Base wage
- Regular bonuses and allowances
- Irregular bonuses and allowances (holiday bonus, Christmas bonus, end-of-year bonuses/distribution of profits, other irregular bonuses and allowances)
- Payment of overtime
- Payment in kind

Other costs:

- Severance payment
- Employers' legal costs (social security contributions, insurance against accidents and occupational disease)
- Collectively agreed, contractual and voluntary costs (supplementary pension/invalidity benefit, health insurance, life/personal accident insurance, and social benefits paid directly to employees in case of absence on account of sickness)

The LCI is a statistical operation held on a quarterly basis through a sampling survey. Data collection with local units is carried out through an electronic questionnaire (Computer Assisted Web Interviewing - CAWI). By economic activity, the LCI covers Sections B to S of NACE-Rev. 2.

Data on public administration [Sections O (Public administration and defence; compulsory social security) and the public part of Sections P (Education) and Q (Human health and social work activities)] are not obtained through direct collection. These data are estimated by Statistics Portugal from data obtained, among other sources, from the Directorate-General of Budget of the Ministry of Finance. These data are subject to revisions.

The LCI is Laspeyres index.

In order to obtain more information about the LCI calculation, we recommend the consultation of the methodological note for this statistical operation, which is available (in Portuguese) at http://smi.ine.pt/DocumentacaoMetodologica/Detalhes/1064.

Information selected for publication

This press release analyses changes in the total LCI and respective items: (1) wage costs versus other costs; and (2) average costs per employee versus number of hours actually worked per employee.

Given that the LCI is seasonal, data are presented as year-on-year rates of change, which compare index levels in the current quarter with those for the same quarter a year earlier. The series of index figures are available on the Official Statistics Website.

In order to be in line with the series that are going to be published by Eurostat, which has changed the LCI reference year from 2008 to 2012, the indices are now published for the reference year 2012 (2012=100). The back series of indices were recalculated for the period from the 1st quarter of 2008 to the 4th quarter of 2014.

With the purpose of eliminating the effects resulting from different numbers of working days in the same quarters of different years (Easter and other movable feasts), the series analysed are adjusted for working days. Raw series, not adjusted for working day effects, are available in the annex tables and on the Official Statistics Portal.

(to be continued)





(continuation)

Revisions

The data published in this release concerning the last quarters are subject to revisions. These revisions result, on one side, from the inclusion of information for the last quarter sent lately by some establishments of the LCI sample and, on the other side, from updates in the data for the last quarters obtained from the Directorate-General of Budget.

The impact of those revisions, measured by the difference between the year-on-year rates of change published today and those published for the 1^{st} quarter of 2015 in the Press Release "Labour Cost Index – 1^{st} quarter of 2015", is available in the following table:

Revision of the LCI year-on-year rates of change published in the 1 st quarter of 2015													
										Unit: p.p.			
Economic activity (sections from Nace Rev. 2)	Total	Componer inde			riation of the dex		Componer inde		Source of variation of the index				
		Wage costs	Other costs	Average cost per employee	Hours actually worked per employee	Total	Wage costs	Other costs	Average cost per employee	Hours actually worked per employee			
		Wo	rking days	adjusted data		Non working days adjusted data							
Total (B to S)	0.4	0.2	1.3	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.2	1.3	0.4	0.0			
B to N	0.0	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-0.1	0.0	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-0.1			
Industry (B to E)	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.3	-0.2	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.3	-0.2			
Construction (F)	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.3	0.2	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.3	0.2			
Services (G to N)	-0.2	-0.1	-0.4	-0.2	0.1	-0.2	-0.1	-0.4	-0.2	0.1			
O to S	1.1	0.4	3.1	1.0	0.0	1.1	0.4	3.1	1.0	0.0			

Due to rounding, the sum of the components may not equal to the corresponding totals.

This press release was prepared with the data received up to the 30th of July of 2015. The response rate was 92.9%.

Next Press Release: 13 November 2015.