





10 September, 2010

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

August 2010

Consumer Prices up by 1.9% in August on a year earlier

The Portuguese Consumer Price Index (CPI) went up by 1.9% in August 2010 when compared with August 2009. Excluding energy and unprocessed food, the annual rate increased to 0.8% from 0.6% in July. On a monthly basis, the CPI decreased 0.2% (+0.1% in July 2010). The CPI 12-month average rate of change increased to 0.3% in August (0.0% in July).

In August, the Portuguese Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP) annual inflation rate was 2.0% (1.9% in July), 0.4 percentage points (p.p.) above the rate estimated by Eurostat for the Euro area.

In August 2010, the annual inflation rate measured by the CPI increased to 1.9%, 0.1 p.p. above the observed rate in the previous month (see figure 1).

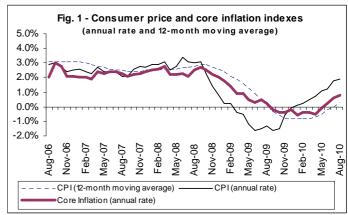
The largest upward pressure on the overall annual change rate came from changes in the prices of Transports, Food and non-alcoholic beverages and Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels. Changes in the prices of Clothing and footwear and Communications led to an opposite effect.

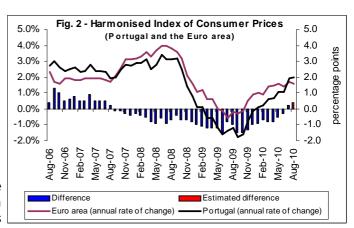
The annual core inflation rate, which excludes energy components and fresh unprocessed food products, increased 0.2 p.p., to 0.8%. The difference between this indicator and the annual CPI inflation rate was -1.1 p.p. (-1.2 p.p. in July).

In August the CPI monthly rate was -0.2%. The main downward contribution to this result came from changes in the prices of Clothing and footwear.

In August 2010, the Portuguese HICP annual rate was 2.0%, 0.1 p.p. higher than in the previous month. On a monthly basis the HICP inflation rate decreased, to -0.1% (0.4% in July 2010 and -0.2% in August 2009). The HICP 12-month average rate increased to 0.3% (0.0% in July 2010).

In July 2010 the gap between the Portuguese and the Euro area annual change rate was 0.2 p.p. and, in August 2010, the Portuguese annual change rate is estimated to be 0.4 p.p. above the Euro area (see figure 2).

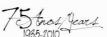




The September 2010 CPI/HICP will be released on October 13th 2010

1/4







PRESS RELEASE

Consumer Price Index

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is an indicator showing how the prices of a certain basket of goods and services bought by a "typical" consumer change over time. The CPI has been designed to capture price changes and not to measure price levels. Both the consumption pattern and the goods and services included in the CPI basket were derived from the year 2005/2006 Household Budget Survey and are updated annually with the most recent information on prices and quantities, if available. The CPI is compiled through the aggregation of seven regional price indexes and the goods and services included in the index are grouped according to the COICOP classification.

Table 1: CPI/COICOP Index Divisions

01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	07	Transports
02	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	80	Communications
03	Clothing and footwear	09	Recreation and culture
04	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	10	Education
05	Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance of the house	11	Restaurants and hotels
06	Health	12	Miscellaneous goods and services

Monthly rate

The monthly rate is the change in the index of a certain month compared with the index of the previous month expressed as a percentage. Although up-to-date, this measure can be affected by seasonal and other effects.

Annual rate

The annual rate is the change in the index of a certain month compared with the index of the same month in the previous year expressed as a percentage. In the presence of a stable seasonal pattern, seasonal effects do not influence this measure.

12-month average rate

The 12-month average rate is the change in the average index of one year compared with the average index of the previous year expressed as a percentage. This moving average is less sensitive to transient changes in prices.

Core inflation index (all items CPI excluding unprocessed food and energy products)

The core inflation index is compiled by excluding the prices of unprocessed food and energy products from the all-items CPI. The primary objective of this index is to capture the underlying inflation pressures in the economy. In the publication *Síntese Económica de Conjuntura* is released a core inflation indicator based on a different methodological approach (factorial analysis) and, for this reason, it is possible that differences between the values shown by the two measures exist.

Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices

The Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP) is compiled in each member state of the European Union for the purposes of inflation comparisons across EU countries, as required by the Treaty on European Union¹. This index plays an important role as a guideline for the achievement of the European System of Central Banks primary objective: price stability. In 1998, the European Central Bank adopted the HICP as "the most appropriate price measure" for its definition of price stability in the Euro area². More information is available at http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/portal/page/portal/hicp/introduction.

¹ Article 109j and protocol on the convergence criteria referred to in that article.

² "A stability oriented monetary policy strategy for the ESCB". ECB press notice released on 13 October 1998.





PRESS RELEASE

Annexes:

CPI rate of change (index division and all items CPI)

Annexes:					1	Index div	isions (1)					All-items CPI
	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	80	09	10	11	12	
						Anı	nual average	rate					
2007	2.4	4.9	2.2	3.6	1.6	7.4	1.6	-1.8	0.3	3.7	2.6	2.4	2.5
2008	3.7	7.5	1.6	3.9	1.7	1.4	1.5	-2.1	0.6	4.2	3.7	2.5	2.6
2009	-3.4	3.3	-1.7	2.1	1.7	-1.4	-3.6	-1.0	-1.6	3.5	2.4	1.9	-0.8
							Annual rate						
2008 August	5.0	6.9	1.5	3.6	1.8	0.6	2.9	-3.0	0.7	4.5	3.6	2.7	3.0
September	4.7	7.1	4.1	3.7	1.8	0.9	2.5	-3.0	1.0	4.5	3.7	2.6	3.1
October	3.5	7.0	1.3	4.2	1.9	0.6	0.5	-2.7	1.2	3.3	4.3	2.9	2.3
November	2.8	7.1	1.1	3.8	1.8	0.2	-3.1	-2.9	0.6	3.4	4.1	2.8	1.4
December	2.4	7.2	0.2	3.6	1.9	0.0	-5.5	-2.4	1.1	3.4	4.3	2.8	8.0
2009 January	1.3	7.0	-1.4	2.9	2.5	-0.4	-6.3	-2.9	0.0	3.4	2.8	2.7	0.2
February	1.0	4.2	-1.4	2.6	2.2	-0.8	-4.9	-3.0	-2.0	3.5	2.8	2.6	0.2
March	-0.5	3.2	-0.5	2.4	2.1	-1.1	-5.7	-1.9	-1.7	3.5	2.8	2.3	-0.4
April	-1.3	2.7	-0.9	1.7	1.9	-1.0	-4.9	-1.8	-0.8	3.5	3.1	2.4	-0.5
May	-2.6	2.9	-0.9	1.6	1.8	-1.2	-6.2	-1.9	-0.8	3.6	2.9	2.1	-1.2
June	-5.1	2.9	-1.1	1.7	1.6	-1.7	-5.1	-1.9	-0.3	3.5	2.7	1.7	-1.6
July	-6.1	2.8	-0.5	2.0	1.4	-1.8	-4.5	0.2	-1.2	3.5	2.7	1.6	-1.5
August	-6.3	2.9	-2.4	2.0	1.2	-2.0	-2.6	0.0	-2.7	3.5	2.7	1.5	-1.3
September	-5.9	2.9	-3.4	1.8	1.3	-2.2	-3.7	0.1	-3.1	3.6	2.3	1.5	-1.6
October	-5.5	2.9	-2.7	1.7	1.5	-1.8	-2.9	0.3	-2.7	3.3	1.4	1.3	-1.5
November	-4.9	2.9	-2.5	2.1	1.5	-1.7	0.4	0.4	-1.8	3.2	1.3	1.6	-0.6
December	-5.1	2.9	-2.3	2.4	1.7	-1.6	3.6	-0.1	-1.9	3.2	8.0	1.4	-0.1
2010 January	-4.6	4.5	-1.5	2.6	1.8	-2.6	3.8	-0.3	-1.7	3.2	1.1	1.0	0.1
February	-4.2	4.6	-2.3	3.1	1.9	-2.2	3.4	-0.5	-1.5	3.0	1.2	0.8	0.2
March	-3.6	3.1	-1.9	3.7	1.6	-2.0	5.3	-3.1	-0.9	3.0	1.0	0.5	0.5
April	-2.7	3.2	-1.6	4.1	1.5	-1.9	5.0	-2.9	-1.2	2.9	1.0	0.2	0.7
May	-1.8	2.8	-1.5	4.4	1.4	-1.2	5.4	-2.6	-0.6	2.9	1.0	0.0	1.1
June	0.0	2.9	-1.7	4.2	1.5	0.0	3.3	-2.6	-0.7	3.0	1.0	0.4	1.2
July	1.6	3.9	-1.4	5.1	1.6	-0.3	4.1	-1.8	8.0	3.0	1.2	0.5	1.8
August	2.6	4.6	-1.8	5.0	1.7	-0.5	3.3	-1.7	1.5	3.0	1.0	0.5	1.9
Symbols:	f estimated		Po provisio	nal		x not avail	able						

Notes: (1) The names of the divisions are given in the explanatory notes.

Source: INE - Portugal

Consumer Price Index – August 2010





PRESS RELEASE

HICP rate of change (international comparison)⁽¹⁾

												_	•																	
		EA-16 ⁽²⁾	EICP ⁽³⁾	BE	BG	cz	DK	DE	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV	LT	LU	HU	МТ	NL	АТ	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
		Annual average rate																												
2007		2.1	2.3	1.8	7.6	3.0	17	2.3	6.7	3.0	2.8	1.6	2.9	2.0	22	10.1	5.8	27	7.9	0.7	1.6	2.2	2.6	2.4	4.9	3.8	1.9	1.6	1.7	2.3
2008		3.3	3.7	4.5	12.0							3.2	3.1			15.3					2.2	3.2	4.2	2.7	7.9	5.5	3.9	3.9	3.3	
2009		0.3	1.0	0.0	2.5				0.2			0.1				3.3					1.0	0.4	4.0	-0.9	5.6	0.9	0.9	1.6	1.9	
															Anni	ual rate)													
2008 Au	ugust	3.8	4.3	5.4	11.8	6.2	4.8	3.3	11.1	4.8	4.9	3.5	3.2	4.2	5.1	15.6	12.2	4.8	6.4	5.4	3.0	3.6	4.4	3.1	8.1	6.0	4.4	4.6	4.1	4.7
Se	eptember	3.6	4.2	5.5	11.4	6.4	4.5	3.0	10.8	4.7	4.6	3.4	3.2	3.9	5.0	14.7	11.3	4.8	5.6	4.9	2.8	3.7	4.1	3.2	7.3	5.6	4.5	4.7	4.2	5.2
Oc	ctober	3.2	3.7	4.8	11.2	5.7	3.8	2.5	10.1	4.0	3.6	3.0	2.7	3.6	4.8	13.7	10.7	3.9	5.1	5.7	2.5	3.0	4.0	2.5	7.4	4.8	4.2	4.4	3.4	4.5
No	ovember	2.1	2.8	3.2	8.8	4.1	2.8	1.4	8.5	3.0	2.4	1.9	2.1	2.7	3.1	11.6	9.2	2.0	4.1	4.9	1.9	2.3	3.6	1.4	6.8	2.9	3.9	3.5	2.4	4.1
De	ecember	1.6	2.2	2.7	7.2	3.3	2.4	1.1	7.5	2.2	1.5	1.2	1.3	2.4	1.8	10.4	8.5	0.7	3.4	5.0	1.7	1.5	3.3	8.0	6.4	1.8	3.5	3.4	2.1	3.1
2009 Jai	inuary	1.1	1.8	2.1	6.0	1.4	1.7	0.9	4.7	2.0	0.8	0.8	1.1	1.4	0.9	9.7	9.5	0.0	2.4	3.1	1.7	1.2	3.2	0.1	6.8	1.4	2.7	2.5	2.0	3.0
	ebruary	1.2	1.8	1.9	5.4	1.3	1.7	1.0	3.9	1.8	0.7	1.0	0.1	1.5	0.6	9.4	8.5	0.7	2.9	3.5	1.9	1.4	3.6	0.1	6.9	2.1	2.4	2.7	2.2	3.2
	arch	0.6	1.3	0.6	4.0	1.7	1.6	0.4	2.5	1.5	-0.1	0.4	-0.7	1.1	0.9	7.9	7.4	-0.3	2.8	3.9	1.8	0.6	4.0	-0.6	6.7	1.6	1.8	2.0	1.9	2.9
Ap	oril	0.6	1.3	0.7	3.8	1.3	1.1	8.0	0.9	1.1	-0.2	0.1	-0.7	1.2	0.6	5.9	5.9	-0.3	3.2	4.0	1.8	0.5	4.3	-0.6	6.5	1.1	1.4	2.1	1.8	2.3
Ma	ay	0.0	8.0	-0.2	3.0	0.9	1.1	0.0	0.3	0.7	-0.9	-0.3	-1.7	0.8	0.5	4.4	4.9	-0.9	3.8	3.4	1.5	0.1	4.2	-1.2	5.9	0.5	1.1	1.5	1.7	2.2
Jui	ine	-0.1	0.6	-1.0	2.6	8.0	0.9	0.0	-0.5	0.7	-1.0	-0.6	-2.2	0.6	0.1	3.1	3.9	-1.0	3.7	2.8	1.4	-0.3	4.2	-1.6	5.9	0.2	0.7	1.6	1.6	1.8
Jul	lly	-0.6	0.2	-1.7	1.0	-0.1	0.7	-0.7	-0.4	0.7	-1.3	-0.8	-2.6	-0.1	-0.8	2.1	2.6	-1.5	4.9	0.8	-0.1	-0.4	4.5	-1.4	5.0	-0.6	0.6	1.2	1.8	1.8
Aυ	ugust	-0.2	0.6	-0.7	1.3	0.0	0.7	-0.1	-0.7	1.0	-0.7	-0.2	-2.4	0.1	-0.9	1.5	2.2	-0.2	5.0	1.0	-0.1	0.2	4.3	-1.2	4.9	0.1	0.5	1.3	1.9	1.6
Se	eptember	-0.3	0.3	-1.0	0.2	-0.3	0.5	-0.5	-1.7	0.7	-0.9	-0.4	-3.0	0.4	-1.2	0.1	2.3	-0.4	4.8	0.8	0.0	0.0	4.0	-1.8	4.9	0.0	0.0	1.1	1.4	1.1
Oc	ctober	-0.1	0.5	-0.9	0.3	-0.6	0.6	-0.1	-2.1	1.2	-0.6	-0.2	-2.8	0.3	-1.0	-1.2	1.0	-0.2	4.2	-0.5	0.4	0.1	3.8	-1.6	4.3	0.2	-0.1	0.6	1.8	1.5
No	ovember	0.5	1.0	0.0	0.9	0.2	0.9	0.3	-2.1	2.1	0.4	0.5	-2.8	8.0	1.0	-1.4	1.3	1.7	5.2	-0.1	0.7	0.6	3.8	-0.8	4.6	1.8	0.0	1.3	2.4	1.9
De	ecember	0.9	1.5	0.3	1.6	0.5	1.2	0.8	-1.9	2.6	0.9	1.0	-2.6	1.1	1.6	-1.4	1.2	2.5	5.4	-0.4	0.7	1.1	3.8	-0.1	4.7	2.1	0.0	1.8	2.8	2.9
2010 Jai	inuary	1.0	1.7	8.0	1.8	0.4	1.9	0.8	-1.0	2.3	1.1	1.2	-2.4	1.3	2.5	-3.3	-0.3	3.0	6.2	1.2	0.4	1.2	3.9	0.1	5.2	1.8	-0.2	1.6	2.7	3.5
Fe	ebruary	0.9	1.5	0.8	1.7	0.4	1.8	0.5	-0.3		0.9	1.4	-2.4			-4.3	-0.6	2.3	5.6	0.7	0.3	0.9	3.4	0.2	4.5	1.6	-0.2	1.3		
	arch	1.4	1.9	1.9	2.4	0.4		1.2	1.4	3.9	1.5	1.7	-2.4								0.7	1.8	2.9	0.6	4.2	1.8	0.3	1.5	2.5	
Ap		1.5	2.0	2.1	3.0	0.9		1.0	2.5	4.7		1.9			2.5	-2.8	0.2		5.7		0.6	1.8	2.7	0.7	4.2	2.7	0.7	1.6		3.7
Ma		1.6	2.0	2.5	3.0	1.0			2.8	5.3		1.9	-1.9		1.8	-2.4	0.5	3.1	4.9	1.8	0.4	1.7	2.3	1.1	4.4	2.4	0.7	1.4		3.4
Jui		1.4	1.9	2.7	2.5	1.0				5.2		1.7	-2.0			-1.6	0.9		5.0		0.2	1.8	2.4	1.1	4.3	2.1	0.7	1.3		
Jul	ily ugust	1.7 Po 1.6 f	2.1 f x	2.4 x	3.2	1.6	2.1 x			5.5	1.9	1.9	-1.2			-0.7		2.9 X	3.6	2.5 x	1.3 Po 1	1.7 Po x	1.9 ×	1.9 2.0	7.1 x	2.3 x	1.0 x	1.3 x	1.4 x	×
Au	ugust	1.01			×			X	X	Х	×	X	×	X	Х	×	Х	^			^	^		2.0		^	^			^

Symbols: f estimated Po provisional Rc revised x not available

Notes: (1) From January 2006 onwards: base 100=2005; index rates o

(1) From January 2006 onwards: base 100=2005; index rates of change calculated based on indexes rounded up to two decimal places.

(2) Member States belonging to the Euro Area: EA-13 until December 2007, EA-15 until December 2008 (including Malta and Cyprus), EA-16 from January 2009 (including Slovakia).

(3) European Index of Consumer Prices: EU-15 until April 2004, EU-25 until December 2006 and EU-27 onwards.

Source: INE-Portugal and Eurostat.

Code abbreviations of the Member States:

BE	Belgium	EE	Estonia	IT	Italy	HU	Hungary	PT	Portugal	SE	Sweden
BG	Bulgaria	EL	Greece	CY	Cyprus	MT	Malta	RO	Romania	UK	United Kingdom
CZ	Czech Republic	ES	Spain	LV	Latvia	NL	Netherlands	SI	Slovenia		
DK	Denmark	FR	France	LT	Lithuania	AT	Austria	SK	Slovakia		
DE	Germany	IE	Ireland	LU	Luxembourg	PL	Poland	FI	Finland		